



SMA | RANGE radial piston motors

ROTARY POWER has over 35 years experience in the design and development of high quality Hydraulic equipment.

Our current product range includes :-

"A" Axial Piston Pumps for heavy-duty open circuit applications. Wide range of controls. Excellent life characteristics. Suitable for most fluids, including HLP,HFA, HFB, HFC ,HFD, HFR , HFE , Isocyanates & Polyols. Fixed and variable capacities from 11.5 to 125 cm3/rev.

"C" Axial Piston Pumps for high accuracy fluid metering with precision flow controls and high-pressure capability. Specifically designed for the Polyurethane Industry. Capacities from 2 to 125 cm3/rev.

"XL" Cam Motors of radial piston configuration. Wheel/shaft/torque module configurations. Design offers high-speed capability. Capacities from 150 to 1120 cm3/rev.

"XK" Cam Motors radial piston configuration offering static/dynamic brakes, single/2 speed, wheel/shaft & torque-module mount options.

Heavy-Duty External Load & High-Speed options. Capacities from 1000 to 5000 cm3/rev.

"SMA" Motors heavy-duty radial piston/eccentric configuration, offering excellent life. Withstands high mechanical and hydraulic shock loads. 350bar Continuous pressure rating. Speed & power ratings significantly greater than standard HTLS motors.

Displacements from 200 to 16,400 cm3/rev.

Wholly owned subsidiaries in the USA and Germany and a network of distributors throughout the world provide product support in most countries.

ROTARY POWER is a company within British Engines Ltd (BEL) group, which was established over 60 years ago.

The British Engines group of companies design manufacture and market a wide range of engineered products for offshore, electrical, construction, engineering and other industries, employing nearly 700 people on a 4600 sq m site in Newcastle upon Tyne, England.

SMA FEATURES

High Pressure Capability

- Most SMA motors are designed for continuous 350 bar & intermittent 490 bar duty.
- Will withstand higher peak pressures.

High Power Capability

Designed for continuous high power use.

High Speed Range

- Designed to operate over a wide speed range.
- Up to 150:1 for standard models.
- Up to 1000:1 for some special models.

High Efficiencies

- Minimal no load pressure drop even at high speed.
- Efficient design based on hydrostatic & taper roller bearings.

Robust

- Built to withstand high mechanical & hydraulic shock load.
- Hardened high tensile steel crankshaft supported in large taper roller bearings.
- Gears may be mounted directly on motor shafts (please ask for details).

Series Operation

- Max system pressure allowed on inlet and outlet ports simultaneously.
- This allows greater system flexibility.

Freewheel

- True freewheel possible.
- Recirculating freewheel possible.

Multi Displacements

- Displacement ratios range 1.6 2.6
- for multi-motor circuits, series/parallel circuits are possible.

High Power Options

• Typically 60% higher rating than standard SMA motors.

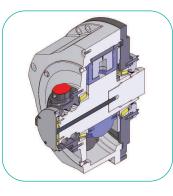
Fluid Versatility

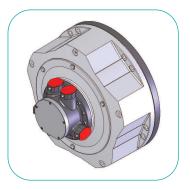
- Suitable for use with most hydraulic fluids.
- HFA,HFB,HFC,HFD.



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THE SMA MOTOR

DESCRIPTION OF OPERATION

The motor function is achieved by five pistons carried radially in a cylinder block mounted on an eccentric on the driveshaft. Hydraulic fluid under pressure is fed to each piston in turn from axial galleries in the crankshaft through a timing slot in the eccentric. The pistons are supported by flat reaction pads inside the motor case. Pressurising the pistons produces a turning moment on the eccentric by direct hydraulic pressure, thus eliminating connecting rods or other mechanical linkage between piston and crankshaft and the resultant losses associated with such components. Each piston is supported at the reaction pad end by a hydrostatic bearing and is free to float sideways to accommodate the orbiting action of the cylinder block. Correct location of the cylinder block relative to the reaction pads is maintained by a coupling. The crankshaft is supported on large taper roller bearings capable of accepting both radial and axial external loads. Fluid is fed to and from the crankshaft galleries through a rotating distributor system at the non-drive end of the shaft.

FREE-WHEEL ABILITY

The ability to free-wheel is an inherent feature of the SMA range. Only hydraulic system pressure retains the pistons against their respective pads; therefore if the motor is isolated from the rest of the system the piston sleeves are free to retract, thus allowing the cylinder block to orbit without pumping fluid and consequently with negligible resistance. Piston retraction is achieved by pressurising the motor case. Drive is re-engaged by opening the hydraulic supply to the motor, when the pistons resume their normal working position against their respective pads. During this process the large hydrostatic bearing surface has a dampening effect, preventing harsh contact between each piston and its pad.

MULTIPLE DISPLACEMENT OPTION

Multiple displacements are achieved as follows:

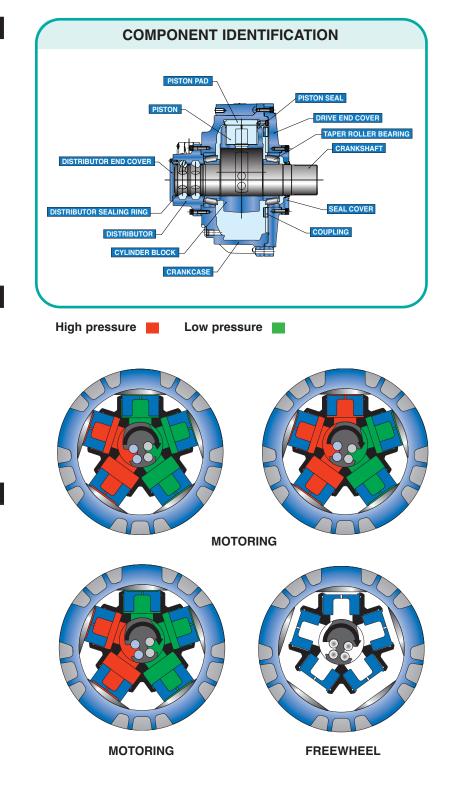
'C' Configuration:

By separating the bore and wall areas of the pistons, so they can be pressurised simultaneously or independently. Pressurising the full area gives maximum torque and displacement, whilst pressurising the wall or bore areas gives intermediate and minimum displacements respectively.

'T' Configuration:

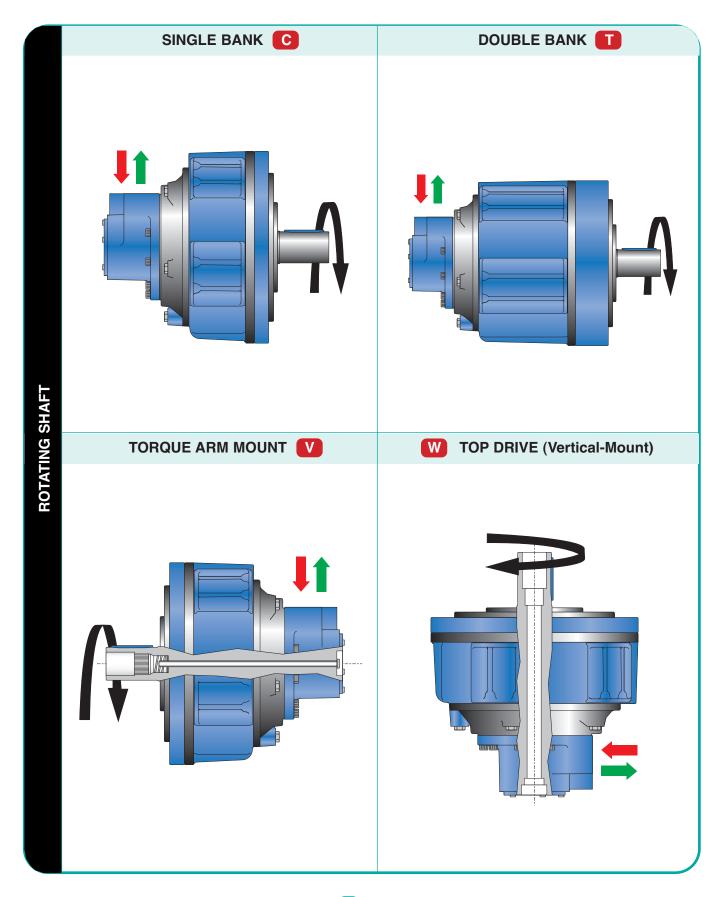
By separating each bank of this double-bank motor, so each bank can be pressurised simultaneously or independently. Pressurising both banks gives maximum torque and displacement, whilst pressurising only one bank gives minimum displacements respectively.

In each case, flow is directed to individual displacement areas through dual galleries in the crankshaft, via an integral pilot-operated selector valve, mounted on the distributor housing. This valve ensures that the non-pressurised area remains full of hydraulic fluid, thus allowing displacement to be changed while the motor is turning, under load.



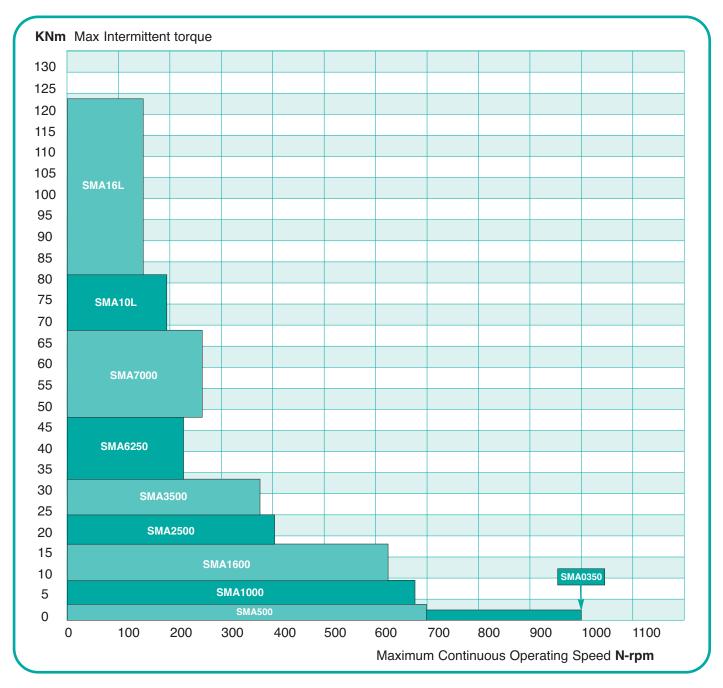


CONFIGURATIONS



SMA RADIAL PISTON MOTORS

MOTOR SELECTION



1. Operating envelopes shown, cover High Power option, Max Intermittent Torque @ 490 bar & Max Continuous Speed capabilities, within each frame size. (Refer to page 16 for definition of 'intermittent')

2. Use the above chart for Initial Frame Size selection & then consult the appropriate Technical Data sheet, for specific motor capabilities.

CALCULATIONS

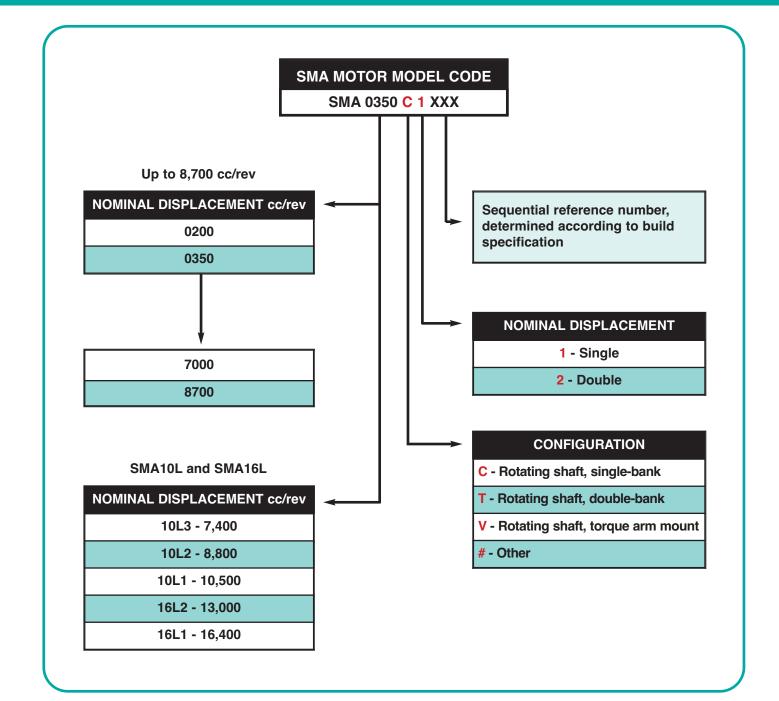
Output torque (NM) = Motor displacement (cc) x delta pressure (bar) x η m
20π
<i>Flow (lpm)</i> = Motor displacement (cc) x rotational speed (rpm)
1000 x ηv
Output power (Kw) = Output torque (NM) x rotational speed (rpm)
9550

Where:

 ηm = Mechanical efficiency ηv = Volumetric efficiency **For approximate estimates of performance use:** ηm = 0.95 ηv = 0.95.



SMA ORDER CODES



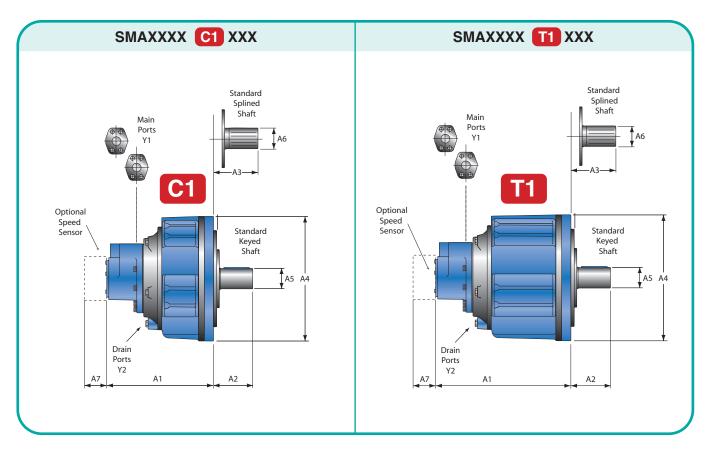
Individual motor specification will be established at the time of ordering. Refer to CONFIGURATION & TECHNICAL DATA sheets for available options.

Options include: Viton seals, mechanical shaft seal, special splines, speed sensing, marine shaft sealing # Consult RP application engineers for details of 'W' top-drive and rotating case options.

SMA RADIAL PISTON MOTORS

DIMENSION DATA

ROTATING SHAFT MOTORS



Rotating Shaft	C1/T1					FRAME	SIZE				
		200	500	750	1340	2000	3500	5000	7000	7400	13000
Dimensione		290	-	850	1600	2500	4350	6250	8700	8800	16400
Dimensions (mm, <i>inches</i>) Envelope Main Ports	•	350	-	1000	2200	2800	-	-	-	10500	-
(iiiii, iiiciies)	(,	480	-	1230	-	3200	-	-	-	-	-
Nominal Dimensions (mm, inches) Nominal Displacement (cc/rev) 200 500 750 290 - 850 350 - 1000 480 - 1230 480 - 1230 Configuration C1 C1 C1 C1 A1 315 335 394 A2 122 154 156 A3 122 154 156 A5-dia 50 60 63 A6-dia $19t 10/20$ $18t 8/16$ $19t 8/16$ 2 A7 16 16 32 1 1 1 1	C1	C1	C1	C1*	T1	C1*	C1*				
	A1	315	335	394	449	508	602		761	604	706
	A2	122	154	156	181	184	225		225	310	292
	A3	122	154	156	181	184	225		223	310	292
Envelope	A4-dia	345	370	436	545	583	695		700	900	1140
	A5-dia	50	60	63	80	95	110		120	180	220
	A6-dia	19t 10/20	18t 8/16	19t 8/16	24t 8/16	28t 8/16	25t 6/12	T.B.A	26t 6/12	41t 6/12	48t 6/12
	A7	16	16	32	11	25	27	Η.	25	0	0
Main Ports	V1	1"	1"	1-1/4"	1 1/2"	2"	2"		2"	2"	2 x 2"
Iniain Forts			SAE J518 Code 62						SAE	J518 Co	de 62
Drain Porte	V2	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	5/8"	5/8"		1"	1"	1"
	12			SAE J	514				761 604 225 310 223 310 700 900 120 180 26t 6/12 41t 6/12 25 0 2" 2" SAE J518 Code 1" 1" SAE J514	4	
*These motors ar	e V1 configure	ed, but sup	plied wi	th an as	sembled	d shaft t	o conver	t to a C	1.		



TECHNICAL DATA - ROTATING SHAFT C1 & T1

Moto	r Size	Genera	al Data	Stan	dard	High Power		
Nominal Displacement cc/rev	Geometric Displacement cc/rev	Moment of Inertia Kg.m ²	Approx Dry Weight Kg	Max Continuous Power kW	Max Continuous Speed rpm	Max Continuous Power kW	Max Continuous Speed rpm	
200 290 350 480	207.8 289.3 339.3 480.7	0.0052 0.0052 0.0052 0.0057	83 83 83 88	28 40 48 68	480 480 480 480	54 76 89 126	1000 1000 1000 710	
500	502	0.0094	110	61	430	103	700	
750 850 1000 1230	757 857 996 1160	0.0174 0.0174 0.0199 0.0210	170 170 170 180	84 95 100 124	380 350 350 283	137 155 187 196	620 620 600 580	
1340 1600 2200	1343 1602 2227	0.0487 0.0487 0.0900	290 290 -	125 140 195	320 300 216	221 264 264	565 565 406	
2000 2500 2800 3200	2003 2507 2801 3215	0.0715 0.0715 0.0715 0.0715	440 440 440 440	165 185 200 237	285 285 260 240	222 278 300 357	380 380 380 380 380	
3500 4350	3504 4349	0.2293 0.2293	790 790	245 304	240 240	358 400	350 240	
5000 6250	5019 6250	0.2850 0.2850	-		·	450 550	210 190	
7000 8700	7009 8698	0.4100 0.4100	1140 1140	Not		491 609	240 240	
7400 8800 10500	7381 8812 10498	0.6440 0.6440 0.6440	1250 1250 1250		cable	443 528 630	180 150 125	
13000 16000	13000 16400	0.9550 0.9550	-			820 900	125 125	

Unless otherwise stated:							
Maximum Continuous Pressure	350 bar						
Maximum Intermittent Pressure	490 bar						
Minimum Return Pressure	7 bar						
Maximum Case Pressure	8 bar						
Maximum Intermittent Speed	160% Maximum Continuous Speed						
Maximum Freewheel Speed	160% Maximum Continuous Speed						
Minimum Speed	5 rpm (Standard) / 10 rpm (High Power)						

Ideally suited to applications requiring high powers or high speeds

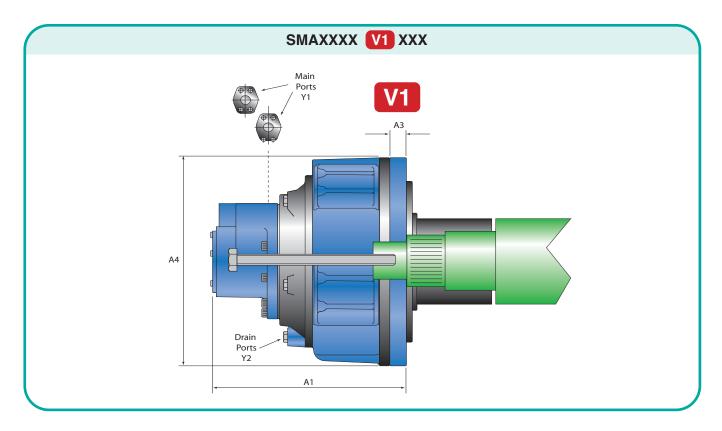
• Select Standard option, where application power/speed allows, if best volumetric efficiency is required.

- Otherwise, select **High Power** option, for max motor performance.
- Options include Viton seals, speed sensors, shaft-up seal cover vent porting, 4 port distributor.

SMA RADIAL PISTON MOTORS

INSTALLATION DATA

TORQUE ARM MOUNT - ROTATING SHAFT MOTORS



Top Drive	V1	V1				Frame Size			
.	Nominal	1340	2500	3500	5000	7400	13000		
Dimensions (mm, <i>inches</i>)	Displacement	1600	2800	4350	6250	8800	16400		
	cc/rev					10500			
	A1	381	514	554	549	604	706		
	A2	184	33	147	147	144	122		
Mounting	A3 #	-4	96	132	132	126	178		
	A4 - dia	545	583	695	758	900	1140		
	A5 - dia	168	100	158	174	180	250		
Ports - SAE J514	Y1	1 1/4"	2"	2"	2"	2"	2 x 2"		
FUILS - SAL UJ IA				SAE J518	3 Code 62				
Drain Ports	Y2	1/2"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	1"	1"		
Dialit Polits	12	SAE J514							

- ve Dimension indicates this feature is outboard of the motor mounting face.



TECHNICAL DATA - TORQUE ARM MOUNT ROTATING SHAFT V1

Moto	r Size	General Data					
Nominal	Geometric	Moment	Approx Dry	Max Continuous	Max Continuous		
Displacement	Displacement	of inertia	Weight	Power	Speed		
cc/rev	cc/rev	Kg.m²	Kg	kW	rpm		
1340	1343	0.0487	314	125	320		
1600	1602		314	140	300		
2500	2507	0.0715	446	185	285		
2800	2801		446	206	260		
3500	3504	0.2293	683	245	240		
4350	4349		683	304	240		
5000	5019	0.2850	812	450	210		
6250	6250		812	550	190		
7400	7381	0.6440	1322	443	180		
8800	8812		1322	528	150		
10500	10498		1322	630	125		
13000	13000	0.9550	2443	820	125		
16000	16400		2443	900	125		

Unless otherwise stated:							
Maximum Continuous Pressure	350 bar						
Maximum Intermittent Pressure	490 bar						
Minimum Return Pressure	7 bar						
Maximum Case Pressure	8 bar						
Maximum Intermittent Speed	160% Maximum Continuous Speed						
Maximum Freewheel Speed	160% Maximum Continuous Speed						
Minimum Speed	10 rpm						
Available only in standa	ard power specification.						

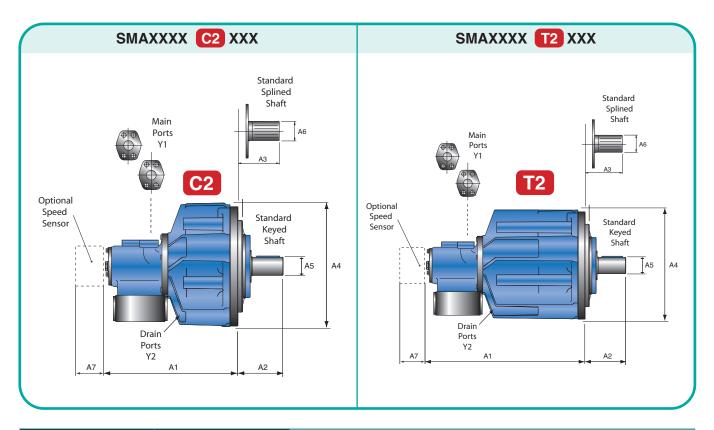
Ideally suited to torque-arm mounted applications requiring high powers or high speeds.

- · Options include Hall-Effect & Proximity type speed sensor ports & Viton Seals
- Request mating shaft and central mounting bolt dimensional drawings from RP

SMA RADIAL PISTON MOTORS

INSTALLATION DATA

ROTATING SHAFT MOTORS: MULTI-DISPLACEMENT



Rotating Shaft	C2 / T2	1000 1600 8700 C2 C2 T2 456 557 807 156 181 225 156 181 225 436 545 700 63 80 110 19t 8/16 24t 8/16 26t 6/ 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"					
Dimensions (mm, <i>inches</i>)	Nominal Displacement cc/rev			7000 8700			
	Configuration	Displacement c/rev 750 1000 1340 1600 iguration C2 C2 A1 456 557 A2 156 181 A3 156 181 4-dia 436 545 5-dia 63 80 6-dia 19t 8/16 24t 8/16 A7 tba tba Y1 1-1/4" 1-1/2" Y2 1/2" 1/2"	C2	T2			
	A1	456	557	807 #			
	A2	156	181	225			
	A3	156	181	225			
Envelope	A4-dia	436	545	700			
	A5-dia	63	80	110			
	A6-dia	19t 8/16	24t 8/16	26t 6/12			
	A7	tba	tba	tba			
Main Ports	V4	1-1/4"	1-1/2"	2"			
Main Ports	Ϋ́Ι	SAE J518 Code 62					
Droin Porto	Vo	1/2"	1/2"	1"			
Drain Ports	ĭ∠	SAE J514					
# add 46mm when X-L	ine R/Valve fitted						



TECHNICAL DATA - MULTI-DISPLACEMENT - ROTATING SHAFT (SINGLE BANK) - C2

Motor Size	General Data		MAX Displacement			1.6 Ratio MID Displacement		2.6 Ratio MIN Displaceme			
Nominal Displacement - cc/rev	Moment of Inertia - Kg.m ²	Approx. Dry Weight - Kg	Geometric Displacement - cc/rev	Max Continuous Power Kw	Max Continuous Speed - rpm	Geometric Displacement - cc/rev	Max Continuous Power Kw	Max Continuous Speed - rpm	Geometric Displacement - cc/rev	Max Continuous Power Kw	Max Continuous Speed - rpm
750	0.02	170	757	84	360	469	69	505	288	64	760
1000	0.02	175	996	100	350	625	85	465	371	76	700
1340 1600	0.05 0.05	304 305	1343 1602	125 140	320 300	832 1036	103 121	425 400	511 566	95 108	640 600

Unless othe	rwise stated:				
Maximum Continuous Pressure	350 bar				
Maximum Intermittent Pressure	490 bar				
Minimum Return Pressure	7 bar				
Maximum Case Pressure	8 bar				
Maximum Intermittent Speed	160% Maximum Continuous Speed				
Maximum Freewheel Speed	160% Maximum Continuous Speed				
Minimum Speed	10 rpm				
Available only in stand	ard power specification				

Ideally suited to applications requiring high power, combined with high speed range.

- Motors may be run in both directions
- · Displacements may be changed dynamically, during normal motor operation
- Displacement change is signalled hydraulically
- · Options include Viton seals, speed sensor ports and shaft up seal cover vent porting.

SMA RADIAL PISTON MOTORS

TECHNICAL DATA - MULTI-DISPLACEMENT - ROTATING SHAFT (DOUBLE BANK) - T2

Motor Size		neral ata	MAX Displacement				Available MIN Disp	•	
Nominal Displacement - cc/rev	Moment of Inertia - Kg.m ²	Approx. Dry Weight - Kg	Geometric Displacement - cc/rev	Max Continuous Power Kw	Max Continuous Speed - rpm	Displacement Ratio	Geometric Displacement - cc/rev	Max Continuous Power Kw	Max Continuous Speed - rpm
7000 8700	0.41 0.41	1140 1190	7009 8698	490 607	240 240	2.0 2.0	3504 4344	245 304	240 240

Unless otherwise stated:		
Maximum Continuous Pressure	350 bar	
Maximum Intermittent Pressure	490 bar	
Minimum Return Pressure	7 bar	
Maximum Case Pressure	8 bar	
Maximum Intermittent Speed	160% Maximum Continuous Speed	
Maximum Freewheel Speed	160% Maximum Continuous Speed	
Minimum Speed	10 rpm	
Available only in standard power configuration		

Ideally suited to applications requiring fine positional speed control, combined with high speeds [high speed range].

- · Motors may be run in both directions
- · High-pressure port requires application designation, to provide minimum internal motor leakage
- Displacements may be changed dynamically, during normal motor operation
- Displacement change is signalled hydraulically
- · Options include Viton seals, speed sensor ports and shaft up seal cover vent porting.



MOTOR INSTALLATION AND APPLICATION

GENERAL

The following information is for general guidance only and it is recommended that individual applications are discussed with Rotary Power.

Always examine the motor externally to check that damage has not occurred during transit. Ensure that the areas around the protective plugs are clean and remove all protective coatings.

Do not remove protective plugs from the main ports and drain connections until system flushing is complete and imminent connection to the circuit is to be made.

MOUNTING

Installation and motor specification available upon request

Case mounting

Provision is made for locating the motor by means of a spigot diameter on the motor case. The motor should be mounted on a flat, machined face with a pilot diameter machined to the nominal spigot +0.025 to +0.075 mm. Clearance should be provided for the fillet radius between the motor spigot and mounting face. Fixing is by either 5 or 10 mounting bolts, depending upon motor model. All fixing holes provided should be utilised. If heavy or frequent torque reversals are anticipated, one or more of the attachment holes should be reamed in conjunction with the mounting bracket and then bolts fitted.

Torque Arm Mounting

Please consult Rotary Power for details.

Shaft details C1/C2/T1/T2

Two standard output shaft end options are available on the SMA motor range; cylindrical shaft with parallel key or BS involute side fit splined shaft.

Motor drive connections should be designed to eliminate unnecessary axial and radial loads and thus prolong bearing life. A cylindrical shaft is recommended for a flexible coupling output connection, and a splined shaft used where the driven shaft is rigidly connected to the motor. Alignment of the two shafts should be maintained within 0.05 mm TIR.

Splined shafts should be assembled using molybdenum grease, or preferably in an oil bath.

When using cylindrical shafts in applications where pressures are high or where reverse loadings or shock loads are expected then the coupling should be shrunk onto the shaft to provide an interference fit. Note: hammering or pressing components onto the shaft may cause damage to the crankshaft bearings.

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SMA RADIAL PISTON MOTORS

MOTOR INSTALLATION AND APPLICATION

CASE DRAINS

Rotating shaft motors are provided with 2 or more main drain ports located on the main crankcase. The drain port that is to be used should be installed in the highest possible position. The bore size of the drain line should be large enough to minimise case pressure under all operating conditions. Rotary Power can advise case flow and flushing flow (if applicable) for each specific model so that drain lines can be sized correctly.

For shaft up applications, an optional top vent must be used and for shaft down an optional distributor end vent port must be used. These are to be used in conjunction with the main case drain port, which itself must be looped up to the level of the top or distributor vent, to prevent siphoning.

Motor case pressure should be kept to a minimum. Continuous high pressure will adversely affect the life of the shaft seal system, and also affect the minimum boost pressure requirements for correct motor operation. Motor drain lines should be independently returned to the tank.

RADIAL/AXIAL LOADS

SMA motors will accept high radial and axial loads. For individual motor information, or to discuss your application requirements, please contact Rotary Power.

FREEWHEELING

The ability to freewheel is an inherent feature of the SMA motor. True freewheel is achieved by isolating the main ports from the pressure supply and connecting them direct to tank.

The case pressure needs to be developed by adding flow to the motor case, and creating a back pressure in the drain line (nominally 2 Bar above any remaining main port pressures).

This retracts and holds the pistons in their respective bores and provides internal lubrication to hydrostatic bearings. It is possible to engage and dis-engage freewheel whilst the motor is rotating. However, due to the potentially high flow rates that may be required, the high risk of pump cavitation damage and excessive motor case pressures, it is highly recommended where possible to engage and dis-engage freewheel whilst the motor is stationary.

FLUIDS

SMA motors will operate successfully on a wide variety of fluids. As a general guide de-rating factors are set out below:

Fluid type	% of maximum catalogue speed rating	% of maximum catalogue pressure rating
HF-A High water base	66	50
HF-B Water in oil	75	60
HF-C Water glycol	50	50
HF-D Phosphate ester	100	100
HF-E Synthetic ester	100	100
HL-P Mineral oil	100	100
HF-R Rape seed oil	100	100

Recommended fluid type HL; HLP to DIN 51524



MOTOR INSTALLATION AND APPLICATION

VISCOSITY

Optimum viscosity 20-200 cSt. Minimum / maximum viscosity 15-1000 cSt.

FILTRATION / CLEANLINESS

Fluid cleanliness to NAS 1638 Class 9 ISO code 18/13 or better Filtration B25 ratio 75 or better for a simple closed loop system.

OUT OF BALANCE FORCES

The orbiting motion of the cylinder block in rotating shaft motors creates an out of balance force as the motor rotates. In most low to medium speed applications this has no detectable effect. However, where speed is high or where the machine mass is very low, it may be beneficial to install a counterbalance weight.

SEALING

All standard SMA motors are fitted with a nitrile sealing system that is compatible with mineral hydraulic fluids.

STARTING TORQUE

Many factors will influence starting efficiencies, such as differential pressure and the rate of rise of pressure. Typical starting torque efficiency is 92%.

LOW SPEED OPERATION

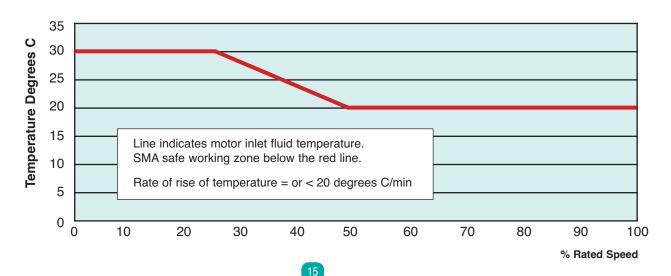
The minimum operating speed capable will depend upon the motor model and the operating conditions but can be as low as 5 rpm for a standard motor and 10 rpm for the high power version. Special designs are available to provide optimised low speed operation.

TEMPERATURE

Recommended minimum/maximum operating temperature range between -20 and +90 degrees Centigrade. Higher temperatures may be permissible if required through the use of alternative seal materials, providing the fluid viscosity remains within the optimum range.

A temperature differential above 30 degrees Centigrade between the motor and the bulk oil should be avoided. A case warming flow taken from a 'hot' part of the circuit can be used to minimise this differential.

SMA SAFE WORKING DIFFERENTIAL TEMPERATURE

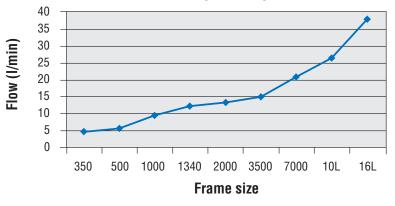


SMA RADIAL PISTON MOTORS

MOTOR INSTALLATION AND APPLICATION

FLUSHING/WARMING FLOW

A case warming flow may be required if temperature differentials of 30 degrees Centigrade are envisaged between motor temperature and the bulk oil temperature. Flushing flow on graph below can be used for guidance to meet temperature. (Valves can be supplied, consult with Rotary Power)



Flushing/Warming Flow

EFFICIENCY

The SMA motor is highly efficient as a result of its unique 'column of oil' operating principal. Mechanical efficiency is high on all models being around 95% at pressures above 200 Bar. Volumetric efficiency is dependent upon the specific model applied.

DUTY - CONTINUOUS, MAX / INTEMITTENT VALUES

Continuous ratings, quoted in the Technical Data sheets, are allowable for continuous periods of operation & for durations which provide an acceptable life for the application.

(Refer to Rotary Power product support department for motor life estimates, based on typical application duty cycle).

Intermittent values quoted in the technical charts may occur for up to 10% of every minute of a known duty cycle.

PRESSURES

All motors are rated at maximum continuous pressure of 350Bar, with an intermittent rating of 490 Bar. Positive gauge pressure must be maintained at both main ports at all times while the motor is under load, whether or not the motor shaft is rotating. Boost pressure should not be less than 7 Bar above case pressure, with a fluid viscosity of 30 cSt. When using higher viscosity fluids, higher boost pressures will be required. For over-running conditions, consult Rotary Power.

MULTI SPEED

Dependant upon the model, multi speed ratios between 1.6 & 2.6 are possible.

OPEN CIRCUIT OPERATION

SMA motors can operate successfully in open circuit systems. A minimum back pressure of 7 Bar must be maintained.

SERIES OPERATION

Maximum system pressure is allowed on both inlet and outlet ports simultaneously. This allows for operation of the motors in a series circuit.



COMMISSIONING / SERVICE

READ THIS TOGETHER WITH INSTRUCTIONS SUPPLIED FOR OTHER COMPONENTS FITTED.

- During system assembly thoroughly descale, clean and flush all pipework, fittings and the reservoir.
 Fill the system with new, filtered fluid that meets required specifications regarding viscosity at envisaged operating temperature, type and cleanliness for all components fitted within the system. Motor requirements are given in each technical data section. The motor case must be filled through the motor case drain port on rotating shaft motors or, through one of the case vent ports located in the crankcase on rotating case motors. Ensure the case drain line is filled and all connections tightened.
- 2. Check the rotation-flow information given on the installation drawing.
- 3. Start the drive pump slowly

- for engines, turn over on the starter motor for a few seconds at a time.

- for electric motors, by a series of rapid on /off cycles. This is to ensure the pump internal components are filled with oil.

Run the system at 25% max high flow and low pressure, actuate all systems in all modes until all entrained air in the system has been released. This air could cause some pulsation but, the motor should run smoothly after approximately ten minutes operation.

- 4. After the motor rotation has been proved under no- load conditions, it may be operated up to maximum pressure.
- 5. Check and top up fluid level if necessary.

- The motor case pressure should be checked in all operating modes to ensure that the maximum allowable value for the specific motor model is not exceeded.
- Check and adjust all settings where necessary in compliance with all supplier's instructions to system requirements.
- 8. Check steady state operating temperature is in accordance with system and component requirements.
- 9. Check for and repair any leaks.
- 10. After the first few hours running, clean or renew (as appropriate) all filters.
- 11. The following points should be incorporated in the machine maintenance instructions:

After one hundred hours operation ;

- A. Check the security of all mounting bolts and socket head screws used in the assembly of the motor.
- B. Check the security of the drive coupling and pipe connections.
- C. Clean or replace filter elements as recommended by the manufacturer.

SMA SERVICE

Full factory service is available for general overhaul and test to new motor standard. Shaft seals may wear and need periodic replacement. Seal kits are available and it is recommended that a suitable stock level is held.

Motors returned for factory overhaul should have been cleaned externally and drained of fluids. Transport plugs should be fitted to all ports as soon as machine pipe work has been removed and before the motor is dismounted. All ancillary equipment should be removed where possible and the unit should be clearly labelled, stating who has sent it, and where from.

Please contact ROTARY POWER product support department for further information.

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