

Stainless Steel Air Cylinders

Series SA

climate control
electromechanical
filtration
fluid & gas handling
hydraulics
pneumatics
process control

aerospace

sealing & shielding



🗥 Warning

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Cylinders for your unique need -

The Parker Series SA stainless steel cylinder combines corrosion resistance with proven reliability. It is specifically designed to meet today's demand for cylinders in harsh chemical washdown environments.

Series SA premium quality air cylinders have many different options to meet your every need. With eight mounting styles, optional cushions, piston bumper seals, or magnetic piston, you can order exactly what you need. The Series SA cylinder is rated for Non-Lube service to keep the cylinder as low maintenance as possible. It is made completely of 303 and 304 stainless steel material with the exception of the aluminum piston, which resists many corrosive elements. This cylinder is also popular in the food processing industry when cleanliness and a bacteria free environment is of most importance.

Series SA non-lube premium quality air cylinders are available for quick delivery to minimize your downtime. The SA cylinder should be your next choice when specifying stainless steel cylinders.

Parker Cylinder Division and over 130 distributors provide the local personalized service customers demand. The Parker team ensures the right solution and product is in place to meet customer needs.

For further information on our cylinder products and capabilities, contact your local Parker distributor or visit us on the web at www.parker.com/cylinder.



Cylinder Weights In pounds (kilograms)

| | | | | Mounting Code | | |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Bore | Rod | | | | | Add Per Inch |
| | | T, F, C, JB, HB, & TE | J & H | ¹ BB & BE | D & DB | of Stroke |
| 1 1/8" (28.58) | 3/8" (9.53) | 1.1 (.49) | 1.5 (.68) | 1.3 (.58) | | .13 (.05) |
| , , , | 1/2" (12.70) | 1.2 (.54) | 1.6 (.72) | 1.4 (.63) | | .15 (.06) |
| 1 1/2" (38.10) | 5/8" (15.88) | 3.3 (1.49) | 4.0 (1.81) | 3.8 (1.72) | 3.8 (1.72) | .3 (.13) |
| | 1" (25.40) | 4.1 (1.85) | 4.8 (2.17) | 4.6 (2.08) | 4.6 (2.08) | .4 (.18) |
| 2" (50.80) | 5/8" (15.88) | 5.9 (2.67) | 7.0 (3.17) | 6.4 (2.90) | 6.4 (2.90) | .5 (.22) |
| | 1" (25.40) | 6.3 (2.85) | 7.4 (3.35) | 6.8 (2.94) | 6.8 (3.08) | .6 (.27) |
| 2 1/2" (63.50) | 5/8" (15.88) | 8.0 (3.62) | 9.5 (4.30) | 8.7 (3.94) | 8.5 (3.85) | .6 (.27) |
| | 1" (25.40) | 8.5 (3.85) | 10.0 (4.53) | 9.2 (4.17) | 9.0 (4.08) | .7 (.31) |
| 3 1/4" (82.55) | 1" (25.40) | 15.0 (6.80) | 18.7 (8.48) | 16.0 (7.25) | 15.5 (7.03) | .8 (.36) |
| | 1 3/8" (34.93) | 15.5 (7.03) | 19.2 (8.70) | 16.5 (7.48) | 16.0 (7.25) | 1.0 (.45) |
| 4" (101.60) | 1" (25.40) | 23.0 (10.43) | 28.0 (12.70) | 27.0 (12.24) | 23.5 (10.65) | 1.0 (.45) |
| | 1 3/8" (34.93) | 23.5 (10.65) | 28.5 (12.92) | 27.5 (12.47) | 24.0 (10.88) | 1.2 (.54) |
| 5" (127.00) | 1" (25.40) | 34.5 (15.64) | 42.0 (19.05) | 41.0 (18.59) | 35.0 (15.87) | 1.1 (.49) |
| | 1 3/8" (34.93) | 35.0 (15.87) | 42.5 (19.27) | 41.5 (18.82) | 35.5 (16.10) | 1.3 (.58) |
| 6" (152.40) | 1 3/8" (34.93) | 60.0 (27.21) | 71.9 (32.61) | 69.0 (31.29) | 61.2 (27.76) | 1.5 (.68) |
| | 1 3/4" (44.45) | 62.0 (28.12) | 73.9 (33.52) | 71.0 (32.20) | 63.2 (28.66) | 1.7 (.77) |
| 8" (203.20) | 1 3/8" (34.93) | 79.0 (35.83) | | 88.0 (39.91) | 80.2 (36.37) | 2.0 (.90) |
| | 1 3/4" (44.45) | 82.0 (37.19) | | 91.0 (41.27) | 83.2 (37.73) | 2.3 (1.04) |

¹Weight includes pivot pin

Breakaway Pressure In PSI

| Bore | SA S | eries |
|--------------------|--------|---------|
| | Extend | Retract |
| 1 1/8" | 6 | 7 |
| 1 1/2", 2", 2 1/2" | 5 | 6 |
| 3 1/4", 4" | 4 | 5 |
| 5", 6", 8" | 3 | 4 |

Listed are the average breakaway pressures in PSI for all Series SA cylinder bore sizes.

Note: Breakaway pressures were established with the cylinders mounted horizontally and no load on the piston rod.

Cylinder Force and Volume Charts Extended Forces in pounds (newtons)

| Bore | Piston Area in² (cm²) | 40 (3) | 60 (4) | 80 (6) | PSI (bar) 100 (7) | 150 (10) | 200 (14) | Volume Cu Ft (cm³) Displacement Per Inch |
|--------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------------|---|
| 1 1/8" | ` ′ | 40 (177) | 60 (265) | 80 (354) | 99 (442) | 149 (664) | 200 (890) | .00057 (16) |
| 1 1/2" | 1.77 (11.40) | 71 (315) | 106 (472) | 142 (629) | 177 (786) | 266 (1179) | 353 (1570) | .00102 (29) |
| 2" | 3.14 (20.27) | 126 (559) | 189 (839) | 251 (1119) | 314 (1398) | 471 (2097) | 628 (2793) | .00182 (52) |
| 2 1/2" | 4.91 (31.67) | 196 (874) | 295 (1311) | 393 (1748) | 491 (2185) | 737 (3277) | 982 (4368) | .00284 (80) |
| 3 1/4" | 8.30 (53.32) | 332 (1477) | 498 (2215) | 664 (2953) | 830 (3692) | 1245 (5538) | 1659 (7379) | .00480 (136) |
| 4" | 12.57 (81.07) | 503 (2237) | 754 (3355) | 1005 (4473) | 1257 (5592) | 1886 (8388) | 2513 (11178) | .00727 (206) |
| 5" | 19.64 (126.71) | 785 (3491) | 1178 (5240) | 1571 (6988) | 1964 (8736) | 2946 (13104) | 3928 (17472) | .01137 (322) |
| 6" | 28.27 (182.39) | 1130 (5026) | 1696 (7544) | 2262 (10061) | 2827 (12574) | 4240 (18860) | 5654 (25149) | .01837 (520) |
| 8" | 50.26 (324.26) | 2010 (8940) | 3015 (13411) | 4020 (17881) | 5026 (22356) | 7539 (33533) | 10052 (44711) | .02227 (631) |

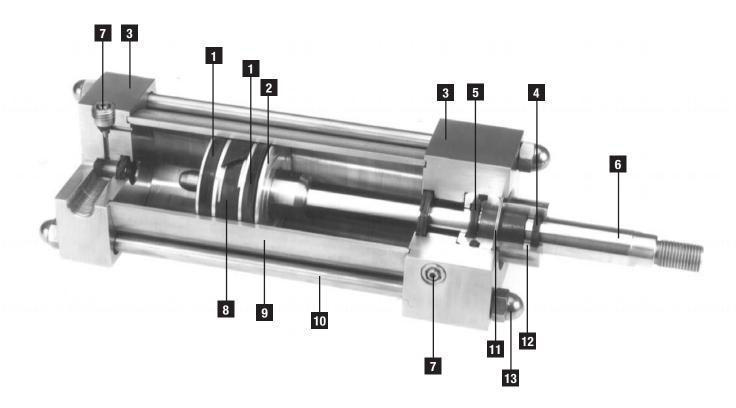
Deduct these Forces for Retract Strokes in Pounds (newtons)

| Rod | Rod Area | | | | PSI (bar) | | | Volume Cu Ft (cm³) Displacement |
|--------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| | in² (cm²) | 40 (3) | 60 (4) | 80 (6) | 100 (7) | 150 (10) | 200 (14) | Per Inch |
| 3/8" | .112 (.72) | 5 (20) | 7 (30) | 9 (40) | 11 (50) | 17 (75) | 22 (100) | .00007 (2) |
| 1/2" | .196 (1.26) | 8 (35) | 12 (52) | 16 (70) | 20 (87) | 30 (131) | 39 (174) | .00011 (3) |
| 5/8" | .307 (1.98) | 12 (53) | 18 (80) | 25 (111) | 31 (138) | 46 (205) | 61 (271) | .00018 (5) |
| 1" | .785 (5.06) | 31 (138) | 47 (209) | 63 (280) | 70 (351) | 118 (525) | 157 (698) | .00045 (13) |
| 1 3/8" | 1.485 (9.58) | 59 (262) | 89 (396) | 119 (529) | 149 (663) | 222 (997) | 297 (1321) | .00086 (24) |
| 1 3/4" | 2.404 (15.51) | 95 (423) | 144 (641) | 192 (854) | 240 (1068) | 360 (1601) | 480 (2135) | .00139 (39) |



Features

- 1 Piston Seals: Nitrile lipseals are pressure energized and wear compensating. Their excellent lubrication retention characteristics lower seal friction and ensure long life.
- **2 Piston:** Solid aluminum alloy, light-weight for low inertia, yet strong.
- **3** Head/Cap: Precision machined from solid corrosion-resistant 304 stainless steel bar.
- **4 Rod Wiper:** Urethane lipseals aggressively wipe foreign material from piston rod and enhance rod seal life.
- **5** Rod Seals: Rounded urethane lipseals are pressure energized and wear compensating.
- **6 Piston Rod:** 303 stainless steel, 40,000 PSI minimum yield, hard chrome plated, ground and polished.



- 7 Adjustable Captive Cushion Needle: Allows for safe and precise adjustment under pressure.
- 8 Wear Strip: PTFE and graphite composition for minimum friction, maximum wear and side load resistance. (Magnetic band under wear strip optional.)
- **9 Tube:** Corrosion-resistant 304 stainless steel.
- **10 Tie Rods:** High-strength 303 stainless steel maintains compression on tube end seals.
- **11 Retainer:** Stainless steel snap ring securely retains bushing in head.
- **12 Rod Bearings:** Machined from 304 stainless steel, with a PTFE composite wear band insert that eliminates metal-to-metal contact.
- **13 Acorn Nut:** Tie rod threads are covered by stainless steel acorn nuts which eliminates a bacteria hiding place.



Series SA

Operating Temperatures:

Standard Seals -40°F to 200°F

(-40°C to 93°C)

Fluorocarbon Seals -20°F to 400°F

(-29°C to 204°C)

Operating Pressure:

250 PSIG Air (17.2 Bar)

Bore Sizes: 1-1/8", 1-1/2", 2", 2-1/2", 3-1/4",

4", 5", 6", 8"

Supply:

Filtered compressed air to 250 PSI Petroleum based hydraulic fluid to 400 PSI, 1-1/2"-8" bore only

Lubrication:

None required

Series SA Cylinders are rated for "no lube added" service. All internal components are lubricated at time of assembly with a PTFE based grease.

Materials:

Head and End Caps: 304 stainless steel

Tube: 304 stainless steel

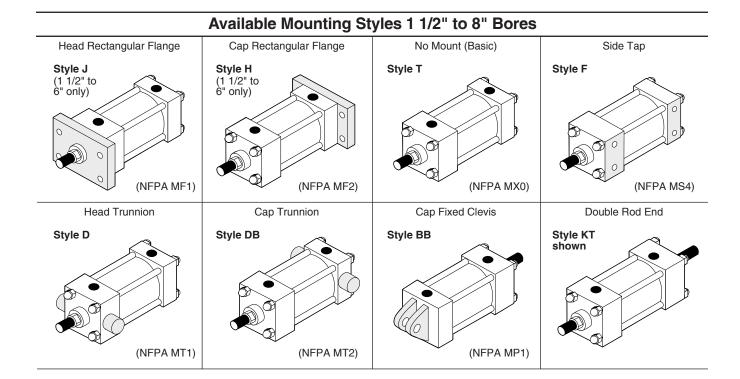
Piston Rod: hard chrome plated 303 stainless steel

Piston: 2011-T451 aluminum with PTFE composite wearband Rod Bearings: 304 stainless steel with PTFE composite

wearband

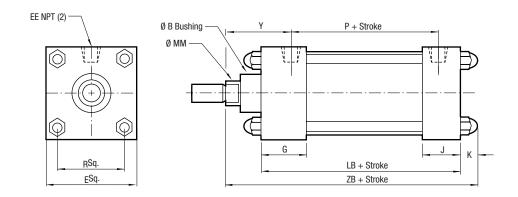
Seals: urethane rod seal and wiper, nitrile piston seals

Tie Rods: 303 stainless steel



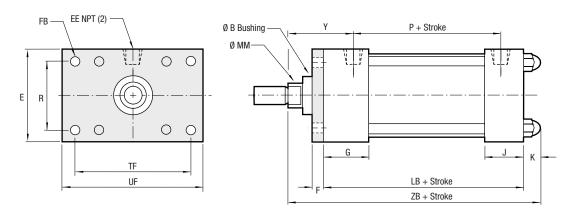
No Mount Basic (1 1/2" to 8" Bores)

Style T (NFPA MX0)



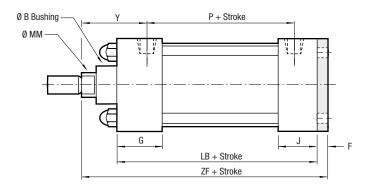
Head Rectangular Flange (1 1/2" to 6" Bores)

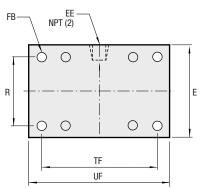
Style J (NFPA MF1)



Cap Rectangular Flange (1 1/2" to 6" Bores)

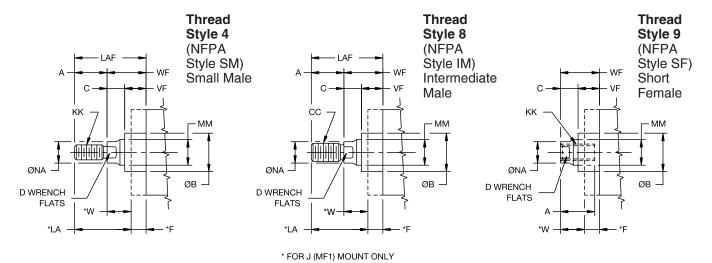
Style H (NFPA MF2)







Rod End Dimensions – Basic Cylinder



"Special Thread" Style 3

To order specify "Style 3" and give desired dimensions for CC or KK, A and W or WF. If otherwise special, furnish dimensioned sketch.

Table 1 – Envelope & Mounting Dimensions

| Bore | | | | | | | | | | | Add S | Stroke |
|-------|-------|------|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|------|---------|-------|-------|--------|
| Size | E | EE | F | FB | G | J | K | R | TF | UF | LB | P |
| 1 1/2 | 2 | 3/81 | 3/8 | 5/16 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 15/32 | 1.43 | 2 3/4 | 3 3/8 | 3 5/8 | 2 1/8 |
| 2 | 2 1/2 | 3/8 | 3/8 | 3/8 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 17/32 | 1.84 | 3 3/8 | 4 1/8 | 3 5/8 | 2 1/8 |
| 2 1/2 | 3 | 3/8 | 3/8 | 3/8 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 17/32 | 2.19 | 3 7/8 | 4 5/8 | 3 3/4 | 2 1/4 |
| 3 1/4 | 3 3/4 | 1/2 | 5/8 | 7/16 | 1 3/4 | 1 1/4 | 5/8 | 2.76 | 4 11/16 | 5 1/2 | 4 1/4 | 2 5/8 |
| 4 | 4 1/2 | 1/2 | 5/8 | 7/16 | 1 3/4 | 1 1/4 | 5/8 | 3.32 | 5 7/16 | 6 1/4 | 4 1/4 | 2 5/8 |
| 5 | 5 1/2 | 1/2 | 5/8 | 9/16 | 1 3/4 | 1 1/2 | 27/32 | 4.10 | 6 5/8 | 7 5/8 | 4 1/2 | 2 7/8 |
| 6 | 6 1/2 | 3/4 | 3/4 | 9/16 | 2 | 1 1/2 | 27/32 | 4.88 | 7 5/8 | 8 5/8 | 5 | 3 |
| 8 | 8 1/2 | 3/4 | - | - | 2 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 6.44 | - | - | 5 1/8 | 3 1/8 |

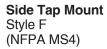
 $^{^{1}\}mbox{On}$ 1 1/2" bore with code 2 rod head end port is 1/4" NPT.

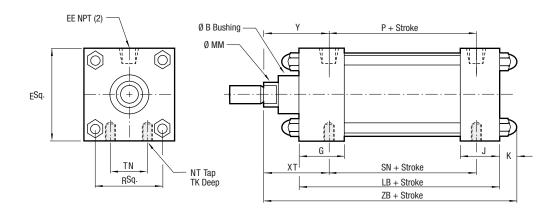
Table 3 – Envelope and Mounting Dimensions

Table 2 - Rod Dimensions

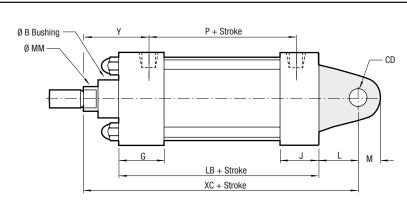
| | | Rod | Thr | ead | | | , and the second | | | | | | | | Add S | troke |
|-------|-----|-------|----------|-----------|-------|-------|------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-------|
| Bore | Rod | Dia. | Style 8 | Style 4,9 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Size | No. | MM | CC | KK | Α | В | C | D | LA | LAF | VF | W | WF | Υ | ZB | ZF |
| 1 1/2 | 1 | 5/8 | 1/2-20 | 7/16-20 | 3/4 | 1.125 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 1 3/8 | 1 3/4 | 5/8 | 5/8 | 1 | 2 | 5 3/32 | 5 |
| | 2 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/8 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 | 1 3/8 | 2 3/8 | 5 15/32 | 5 3/8 |
| 2 | 1 | 5/8 | 1/2-20 | 7/16-20 | 3/4 | 1.125 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 1 3/8 | 1 3/4 | 5/8 | 5/8 | 1 | 2 | 5 5/32 | 5 |
| | 3 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/8 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 | 1 3/8 | 2 3/8 | 5 17/32 | 5 3/8 |
| 2 1/2 | 1 | 5/8 | 1/2-20 | 7/16-20 | 3/4 | 1.125 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 1 3/8 | 1 3/4 | 5/8 | 5/8 | 1 | 2 | 5 9/32 | 5 1/8 |
| | 3 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/8 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 | 1 3/8 | 2 3/8 | 5 21/32 | 5 1/2 |
| 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 1 7/8 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 3/4 | 1 3/8 | 2 7/16 | 6 1/4 | 6 1/4 |
| | 3 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 2 5/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 11/16 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 |
| 4 | 1 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 1 7/8 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 3/4 | 1 3/8 | 2 7/16 | 6 1/4 | 6 1/4 |
| | 3 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 2 5/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 11/16 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 |
| 5 | 1 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 1 7/8 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 3/4 | 1 3/8 | 2 7/16 | 6 23/32 | 6 1/2 |
| | 3 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 2 5/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 11/16 | 6 31/32 | 6 3/4 |
| 6 | 1 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 2 1/2 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 7/8 | 1 5/8 | 2 7/8 | 7 15/32 | 7 3/8 |
| | 3 | 1 3/4 | 1 1/2-12 | 1 1/4-12 | 2 | 2.375 | 3/4 | 1 1/2 | 3 1/4 | 3 7/8 | 1 1/8 | 1 1/8 | 1 7/8 | 3 1/8 | 7 23/32 | 7 5/8 |
| 8 | 1 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | - | 3 1/4 | 1 | - | 1 5/8 | 2 7/8 | 7 3/4 | - |
| | 3 | 1 3/4 | 1 1/2-12 | 1 1/4-12 | 2 | 2.375 | 3/4 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 3 7/8 | 1 1/8 | - | 1 7/8 | 3 1/8 | 8 | - |

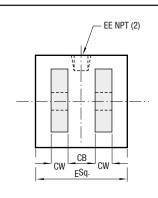
Dimensions - 1 1/2" to 8" Bore





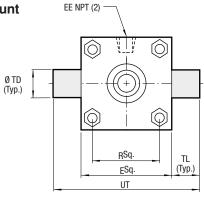
Cap Fixed Clevis Mount Style BB (NFPA MP1)

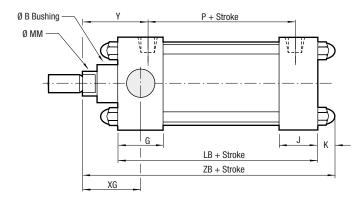




Head Trunnion Mount Style D

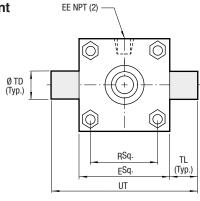


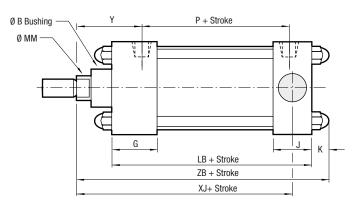




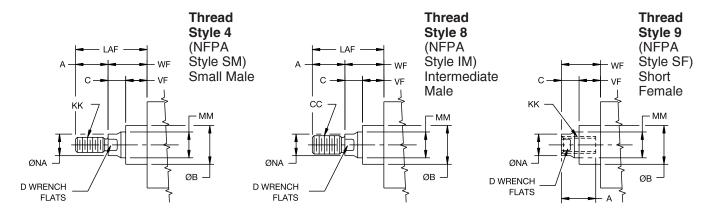
Cap Trunnion Mount

Style DB (NFPA MT2)





Rod End Dimensions - Basic Cylinder



"Special Thread" Style 3

To order specify "Style 3" and give desired dimensions for CC or KK, A and W or WF. If otherwise special, furnish dimensioned sketch.

Table 1 – Envelope & Mounting Dimensions

| Bore | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ac | dd Stro | ke |
|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|---------|------|-------|-------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|-------|
| Size | CB | CD | CW | E | EE | G | J | K | L | M | NT | R | TD | TK | TL | TN | UT | LB | P | SN |
| 1 1/2 | 3/4 | 0.500 | 1/2 | 2 | 3/81 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 15/32 | 3/4 | 5/8 | 1/4-20 | 1.43 | 1.000 | 3/8 | 1 | 5/8 | 4 | 3 5/8 | 2 1/8 | 2 1/4 |
| 2 | 3/4 | 0.500 | 1/2 | 2 1/2 | 3/8 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 17/32 | 3/4 | 5/8 | 5/16-18 | 1.84 | 1.000 | 1/2 | 1 | 7/8 | 4 1/2 | 3 5/8 | 2 1/8 | 2 1/4 |
| 2 1/2 | 3/4 | 0.500 | 1/2 | 3 | 3/8 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 17/32 | 3/4 | 5/8 | 3/8-16 | 2.19 | 1.000 | 5/8 | 1 | 1 1/4 | 5 | 3 3/4 | 2 1/4 | 2 3/8 |
| 3 1/4 | 1 1/4 | 0.750 | 5/8 | 3 3/4 | 1/2 | 1 3/4 | 1 1/4 | 5/8 | 1 1/4 | 7/8 | 1/2-13 | 2.76 | 1.000 | 3/4 | 1 | 1 1/2 | 5 3/4 | 4 1/4 | 2 5/8 | 2 5/8 |
| 4 | 1 1/4 | 0.750 | 5/8 | 4 1/2 | 1/2 | 1 3/4 | 1 1/4 | 5/8 | 1 1/4 | 7/8 | 1/2-13 | 3.32 | 1.000 | 3/4 | 1 | 2 1/16 | 6 1/2 | 4 1/4 | 2 5/8 | 2 5/8 |
| 5 | 1 1/4 | 0.750 | 5/8 | 5 1/2 | 1/2 | 1 3/4 | 1 1/2 | 27/32 | 1 1/4 | 7/8 | 5/8-11 | 4.10 | 1.000 | 1 | 1 | 2 11/16 | 7 1/2 | 4 1/2 | 2 7/8 | 2 7/8 |
| 6 | 1 1/2 | 1.000 | 3/4 | 6 1/2 | 3/4 | 2 | 1 1/2 | 27/32 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 3/4-10 | 4.88 | 1.375 | 1 1/8 | 1 3/8 | 3 1/4 | 9 1/4 | 5 | 3 | 3 1/8 |
| 8 | 1 1/2 | 1.000 | 3/4 | 8 1/2 | 3/4 | 2 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 3/4-10 | 6.44 | 1.375 | 1 1/8 | 1 3/8 | 4 1/2 | 11 1/4 | 5 1/8 | 3 1/8 | 3 1/4 |

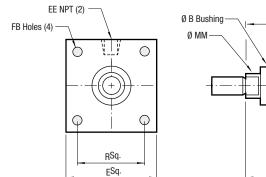
¹On 1 1/2" bore with code 2 rod head end port is 1/4" NPT.

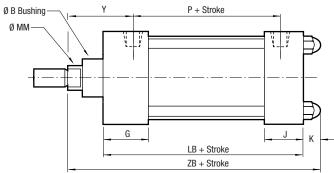
Table 3 – Envelope and Mounting Dimensions

Table 2 - Rod Dimensions

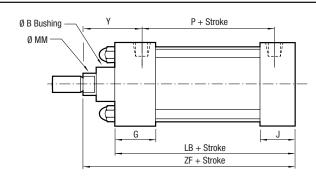
| | | Rod | Thr | ead | | | | | | | | | | | Α | dd Stro | ke |
|-------|-----|-------|----------|------------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|
| Bore | Rod | Dia. | Style 8 | Style 4, 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Size | No. | MM | CC | KK | Α | В | C | D | LAF | VF | WF | XG | XT | Υ | XC | XJ | ZB |
| 1 1/2 | 1 | 5/8 | 1/2-20 | 7/16-20 | 3/4 | 1.125 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 1 3/4 | 5/8 | 1 | 1 3/4 | 1 15/16 | 2 | 5 3/8 | 4 1/8 | 5 3/32 |
| | 2 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 3/8 | 2 1/8 | 2 5/16 | 2 3/8 | 5 3/4 | 4 1/2 | 5 15/32 |
| 2 | 1 | 5/8 | 1/2-20 | 7/16-20 | 3/4 | 1.125 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 1 3/4 | 5/8 | 1 | 1 3/4 | 1 15/16 | 2 | 5 3/8 | 4 1/8 | 5 5/32 |
| | 3 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 3/8 | 2 1/8 | 2 5/16 | 2 3/8 | 5 3/4 | 4 1/2 | 5 17/32 |
| 2 1/2 | 1 | 5/8 | 1/2-20 | 7/16-20 | 3/4 | 1.125 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 1 3/4 | 5/8 | 1 | 1 3/4 | 1 15/16 | 2 | 5 1/2 | 4 1/4 | 5 9/32 |
| | 3 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 3/8 | 2 1/8 | 2 5/16 | 2 3/8 | 5 7/8 | 4 5/8 | 5 21/32 |
| 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 3/8 | 2 1/4 | 2 7/16 | 2 7/16 | 6 7/8 | 5 | 6 1/4 |
| | 3 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 1/2 | 2 11/16 | 2 11/16 | 7 1/8 | 5 1/4 | 6 1/2 |
| 4 | 1 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 3/8 | 2 1/4 | 2 7/16 | 2 7/16 | 6 7/8 | 5 | 6 1/4 |
| | 3 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 1/2 | 2 11/16 | 2 11/16 | 7 1/8 | 5 1/4 | 6 1/2 |
| 5 | 1 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 3/8 | 2 1/4 | 2 7/16 | 2 7/16 | 7 1/8 | 5 1/4 | 6 23/32 |
| | 3 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 1/2 | 2 11/16 | 2 11/16 | 7 3/8 | 5 1/2 | 6 31/32 |
| 6 | 1 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 5/8 | 2 13/16 | 2 7/8 | 8 1/8 | 5 7/8 | 7 15/32 |
| | 3 | 1 3/4 | 1 1/2-12 | 1 1/4-12 | 2 | 2.375 | 3/4 | 1 1/2 | 3 7/8 | 1 1/8 | 1 7/8 | 2 7/8 | 3 1/16 | 3 1/8 | 8 3/8 | 6 1/8 | 7 23/32 |
| 8 | 1 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 5/8 | 2 13/16 | 2 7/8 | 8 1/4 | 6 | 7 3/4 |
| | 3 | 1 3/4 | 1 1/2-12 | 1 1/4-12 | 2 | 2.375 | 3/4 | 1 1/2 | 3 7/8 | 1 1/8 | 1 7/8 | 2 7/8 | 3 1/16 | 3 1/8 | 8 1/2 | 6 1/4 | 8 |

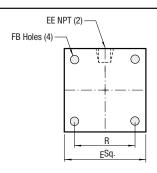
Head Square Style JB (NFPA ME3) 8" Bore only





Cap Square Style HB (NFPA ME4) 8" Bore only





Standard & Optional Rod Ends

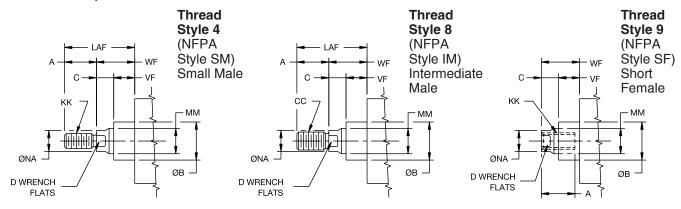


Table 1 - Envelope & Mounting Dimensions

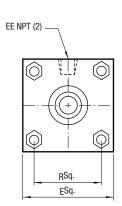
| | | | | | | | | Add S | Stroke |
|----------|-------|-----|-------|---|-------|---|------|-------|--------|
| | E | EE | FB | G | J | K | R | LB | Р |
| JB (ME3) | 8 1/2 | 3/4 | 11/16 | 2 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 7.57 | 5 1/8 | 3 1/8 |
| HB (ME4) | 8 1/2 | 3/4 | 11/16 | 2 | 1 1/2 | 1 | 7.57 | 5 1/8 | 3 1/8 |

Table 3 – Envelope and Mounting Dimensions

Table 2 - Rod Dimensions

| | | Rod | Thre | ad | | | | | | | | | Add S | Stroke |
|----------|------|-------|----------|------------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| | Rod | Dia. | Style 8 | Style 4, 9 | _ | _ | _ | _ | | | | | | |
| | Code | | CC | KK | Α | В | C | D | LAF | VF | WF | Y | ZB | ZF |
| JB (ME3) | 1 | 1 3/8 | 1-1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 7/8 | 7 3/4 | - |
| | 3 | 1 3/4 | 1-1/2-12 | 1-1/4-12 | 2 | 2.375 | 3/4 | 1 1/2 | 3 7/8 | 1 1/8 | 1 7/8 | 3 1/8 | 8 | - |
| HB (ME4) | 1 | 1 3/8 | 1-1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 7/8 | - | 6 3/4 |
| | 3 | 1 3/4 | 1-1/2-12 | 1-1/4-12 | 2 | 2.375 | 3/4 | 1 1/2 | 3 7/8 | 1 1/8 | 1 7/8 | 3 1/8 | - | 7 |





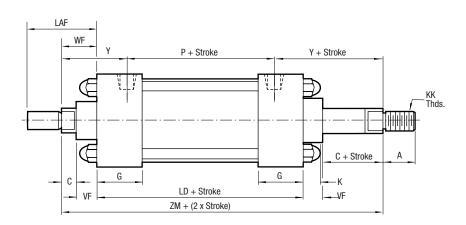


Table 1 – Envelope & Mounting Dimensions

| Bore | | | | | | Add S | Stroke |
|-------|-------|------------------|-------|-------|------|-------|--------|
| Size | E | EE | G | K | R | LD | Р |
| 1 1/2 | 2 | 3/8 ¹ | 1 1/2 | 15/32 | 1.43 | 4 1/8 | 2 1/8 |
| 2 | 2 1/2 | 3/8 | 1 1/2 | 17/32 | 1.84 | 4 1/8 | 2 1/8 |
| 2 1/2 | 3 | 3/8 | 1 1/2 | 17/32 | 2.19 | 4 1/4 | 2 1/4 |
| 3 1/4 | 3 3/4 | 1/2 | 1 3/4 | 5/8 | 2.76 | 4 3/4 | 2 5/8 |
| 4 | 4 1/2 | 1/2 | 1 3/4 | 5/8 | 3.32 | 4 3/4 | 2 5/8 |
| 5 | 5 1/2 | 1/2 | 1 3/4 | 27/32 | 4.10 | 5 | 2 7/8 |
| 6 | 6 1/2 | 3/4 | 2 | 27/32 | 4.88 | 5 1/2 | 3 |
| 8 | 8 1/2 | 3/4 | 2 | 1 | 6.44 | 5 1/2 | 3 1/8 |

¹On 1 1/2" bore with code 2 rod head end port is 1/4" NPT.

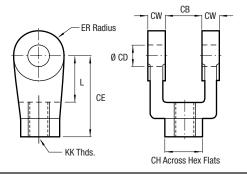
Table 3 – Envelope and Mounting Dimensions

Table 2 - Rod Dimensions

| . 45.0 = | The Dimensions | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|------------------|
| Bore | Rod | Rod Dia. | Thr Style 8 | ead Style 4, 9 | | | | | | | | | Add 2x Stroke |
| Size | No. | MM | CC | KK | Α | В | C | D | LAF | VF | WF | Υ | ZM |
| 1 1/2 | 1 | 5/8 | 1/2-20 | 7/16-20 | 3/4 | 1.125 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 1 3/4 | 5/8 | 1 | 2 | 6 1/8 |
| | 2 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 3/8 | 2 3/8 | 6 7/8 |
| 2 | 1 | 5/8 | 1/2-20 | 7/16-20 | 3/4 | 1.125 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 1 3/4 | 5/8 | 1 | 2 | 6 1/8 |
| | 3 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 3/8 | 2 3/8 | 6 7/8 |
| 2 1/2 | 1 | 5/8 | 1/2-20 | 7/16-20 | 3/4 | 1.125 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 1 3/4 | 5/8 | 1 | 2 | 6 1/4 |
| | 3 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 3/8 | 2 3/8 | 7 |
| 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 3/8 | 2 7/16 | 7 1/2 |
| | 3 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 11/16 | 8 |
| 4 | 1 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 3/8 | 2 7/16 | 7 1/2 |
| | 3 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 11/16 | 8 |
| 5 | 1 | 1 | 7/8-14 | 3/4-16 | 1 1/8 | 1.500 | 1/2 | 13/16 | 2 1/2 | 7/8 | 1 3/8 | 2 7/16 | 7 3/4 |
| | 3 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 3 1/4 | 21 | 1 5/8 | 2 11/16 | 8 1/4 |
| 6 | 1 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 7/8 | 8 3/4 |
| | 3 | 1 3/4 | 1 1/2-12 | 1 1/4-12 | 2 | 2.375 | 3/4 | 1 1/2 | 3 7/8 | 1 1/8 | 1 7/8 | 3 1/8 | 9 1/4 |
| 8 | 1 | 1 3/8 | 1 1/4-12 | 1-14 | 1 5/8 | 2.000 | 5/8 | 1 1/8 | 3 1/4 | 1 | 1 5/8 | 2 7/8 | 8 3/4 |
| | 3 | 1 3/4 | 1 1/2-12 | 1 1/4-12 | 2 | 2.375 | 3/4 | 1 1/2 | 3 7/8 | 1 1/8 | 1 7/8 | 3 1/8 | 9 1/4 |

Rod Clevis

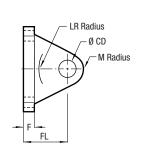
303 Stainless Steel

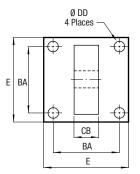


| | 1492220100 | 1492220200 | 1492220300 | 1492220400 |
|----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| CB | 3/4 | 1 1/4 | 1 1/2 | 2 |
| CD | 0.500 | 0.750 | 1.000 | 1.375 |
| CE | 1 1/2 | 2 3/8 | 3 1/8 | 4 1/8 |
| CH | 1 | 1 1/4 | 1 1/2 | 2 |
| CW | 1/2 | 5/8 | 3/4 | 1 |
| ER | 1/2 | 3/4 | 1 | 1 3/8 |
| KK | 1/2-20 | 3/4-16 | 1-14 | 1 1/4-12 |
| L | 3/4 | 1 1/4 | 1 1/2 | 2 1/8 |

Eye Bracket

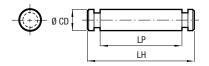
304 Stainless Steel





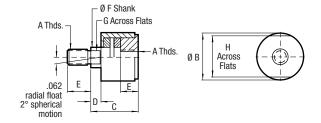
| | 1492230100 | 1492230200 | 1492230300 |
|----|------------|------------|------------|
| BA | 1 5/8 | 2 9/16 | 3 1/4 |
| CB | 3/4 | 1 1/4 | 1 1/2 |
| CD | 0.500 | 0.750 | 1.000 |
| DD | 13/32 | 17/32 | 21/32 |
| Е | 2 1/2 | 3 1/2 | 4 1/2 |
| F | 3/8 | 5/8 | 3/4 |
| FL | 1 1/8 | 1 7/8 | 2 1/4 |
| LR | 3/4 | 1 1/4 | 1 1/2 |
| M | 1/2 | 3/4 | 1 |

Pin 303 Stainless Steel



| | 0875600100 | 0875600200 | 0875600300 | 0875600400 |
|----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| CD | 0.500 | 0.750 | 1.000 | 1.375 |
| LH | 2 7/32 | 3 1/8 | 3 3/4 | 5 5/8 |
| LP | 1 7/8 | 2 3/4 | 3 1/4 | 4 3/8 |

Rod Alignment Coupler

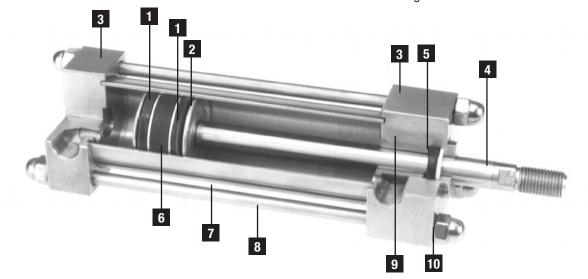


| | 1492240100 | 1492240200 | 1492240300 |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Α | 1/2-20 | 3/4-16 | 1-14 |
| В | 1 1/4 | 1 3/4 | 2 1/2 |
| С | 2 | 2 5/16 | 2 15/16 |
| D | 1/2 | 1/2 | 1/2 |
| Е | 3/4 | 1 1/8 | 1 5/8 |
| F | 5/8 | 31/32 | 1 3/8 |
| G | 1/2 | 13/16 | 1 5/32 |
| Н | 1 1/8 | 1 1/2 | 2 1/4 |
| Maximum Pull (lbs.) | 3,150 | 7,750 | 12,250 |

Made of 303 Stainless Steel, the Rod Alignment Coupler allows 1/16" of radial float and 2° of spherical movement. This prevents cylinder binding due to misalignment thus extending bearing and seal life, and permits greater tolerance between the center line of the cylinder and mating part for simplified installation.

Excellent operating performance in a 1 1/8" bore size

- Piston Seals: Nitrile lipseals are pressure energized and wear compensating. Their excellent lubrication retention characteristics lower seal friction and ensure long life.
- **2 Piston:** Solid aluminum alloy, light-weight for low inertia, yet strong.
- **3 Head/Cap:** Precision machined from solid corrosion-resistant 304 stainless steel bar.
- **4 Piston Rods:** 303 stainless steel, 40,000 PSI minimum yield, hard chrome plated, ground and polished.
- **Bearing Seal:** PTFE rod wiper provides positive wiping action and low friction. Nitrile lipseals are pressure energized and wear compensating for long life.



- **6 Wear Strip:** PTFE and graphite composition for minimum friction, maximum wear and side load resistance. (Magnetic band under wear strip optional.)
- **7 Tube:** Corrosion-resistant 304 stainless steel.
- **8 Tie Rods:** High-strength 303 stainless steel maintains compression on tube end seals.
- **9 Rod Bearing:** Incorporates a sintered bronze rod bearing which is pressed into the cylinder head.
- **10 Acorn Nut:** Tie rod threads are covered by stainless steel acorn nuts which eliminates a bacteria hiding place.

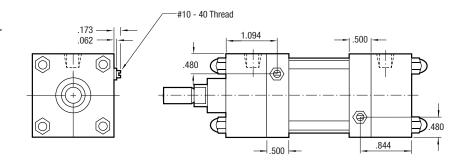
Optional Features

Cushions and bumpers are features also available on our 1 1/8" bore.

Cushions permit the trapping of cylinder exhaust volume prior to the completion of full rod extension or retraction. This volume is then metered through a finely tapered needle to deliver smooth, adjustable deceleration of the cylinder load.

Note: Cushion block increases stroke related dimensions by .500 per end.

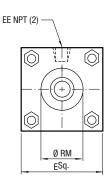
Cushions are not available on 1 1/8" bore with 1/2" diameter rod.

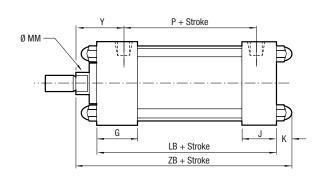




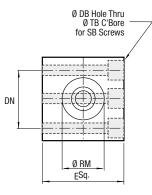
Dimensions - 1 1/8" Bore

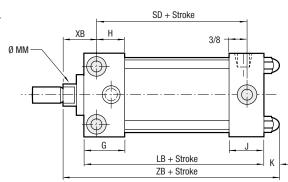






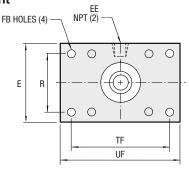


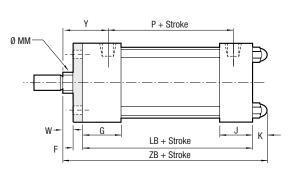




Head Rectangular Flange Mount

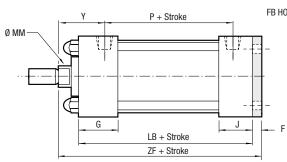


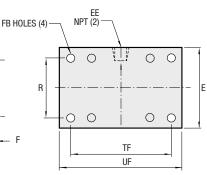




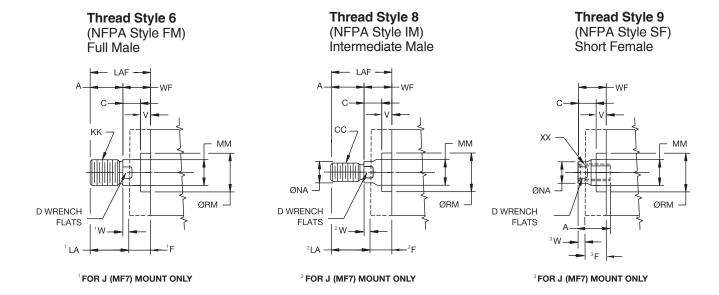
Cap Rectangular Flange Mount







Rod End Dimensions



"Special Thread" Style 3

To order specify "Style 3" and give desired dimensions for CC or KK, A and W or WF. If otherwise special, furnish dimensioned sketch.

Table 1 – Envelope & Mounting Dimensions

| I | Bore | C | DB | DN | E | EE | FB | G | Н | J |
|---|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|
| I | 1 1/8 | 1/4 | 13/64 | 1 | 1 1/2 | 1/8 | 7/32 | 7/8 | 5/8 | 5/8 |

| | | | | | | | | Add Stroke | | | |
|-------|-------|---|-------|----|-------|-----|-----|------------|-------|-------|--|
| Bore | K | R | TB | TF | UF | V | XB | SD | ZB | ZF | |
| 1 1/8 | 13/32 | 1 | 21/64 | 2 | 2 1/2 | 1/8 | 5/8 | 1 3/4 | 2 5/8 | 2 7/8 | |

Table 2 - Rod Dimensions

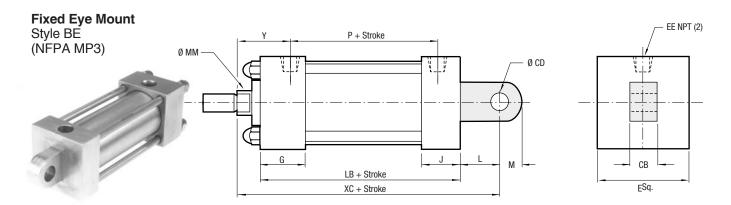
Table 3 – Envelope and Mounting Dimensions

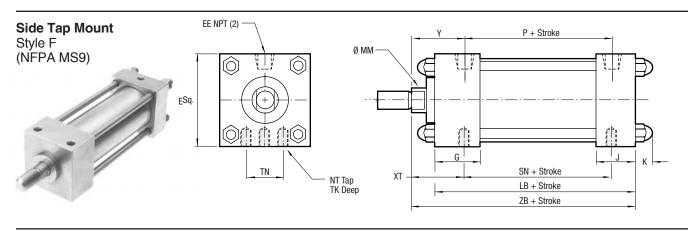
| | | Rod | Thread | | | | | | | | | Add S | Stroke | |
|-------|-----|------|---------|---------|---------|-----|------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-------|--------|-------|
| Bore | Rod | Dia. | Style 6 | Style 8 | Style 9 | | | | | | | | | |
| Size | No. | MM | KK | CC | XX | Α | D | LAF | RM | SB | WF | Υ | LB | P |
| 1 1/8 | 1 | 3/8 | 3/8-24 | 5/16-24 | 1/4-28 | 5/8 | 5/16 | 1 | .750 | #10 | 3/8 | 15/16 | 2 1/4 | 1 3/8 |
| | 3 | 1/2 | 1/2-20 | 7/16-20 | 3/8-24 | 3/4 | 7/16 | 1 1/8 | 1.000 | #10 | 3/8 | 15/16 | 2 1/4 | 1 3/8 |

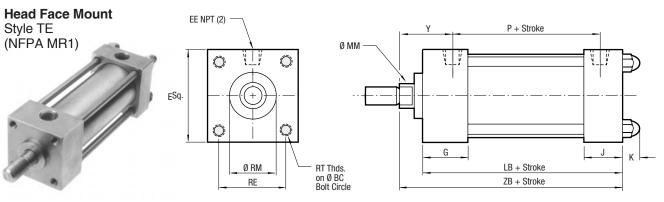
For J (MF7) Mount Only

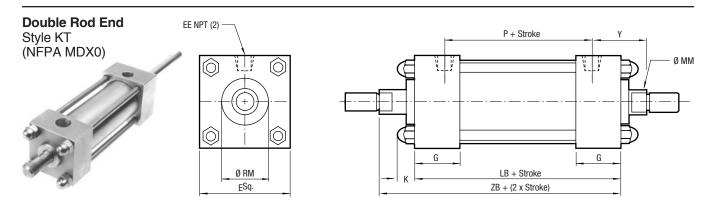
| Bore Size | Rod No. | Rod Dia. MM | F | w | LA |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 1/8 | 1 | 3/8 | 1/4 | 1/8 | 3/4 |
| | 3 | 1/2 | 1/4 | 1/8 | 7/8 |







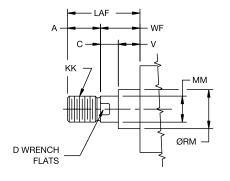


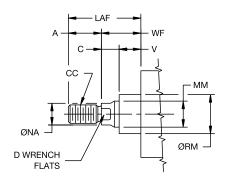


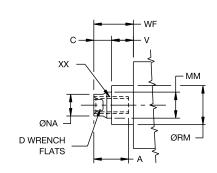


Rod End Dimensions

Thread Style 6 (NFPA Style FM) Full Male Thread Style 8 (NFPA Style IM) Intermediate Male Thread Style 9 (NFPA Style SF) Short Female







"Special Thread" Style 3

To order specify "Style 3" and give desired dimensions for CC or KK, A and W or WF. If otherwise special, furnish dimensioned sketch.

Table 1 – Envelope & Mounting Dimensions

| Bore | BC | C | CB | CD | E | EE | G | J | K | L |
|-------|---------|-----|------|------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|------|
| 1 1/8 | 1 19/32 | 1/4 | .375 | .375 | 1 1/2 | 1/8 | 7/8 | 5/8 | 13/32 | 7/16 |

| | | | | | | | | | | Add Stroke | | |
|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-----|----|-----|-----|-------|------------|--------|-------|
| Bore | M | NT | RE | RT | TK | TN | V | XT | Υ | SN | XC | ZB* |
| 1 1/8 | 3/8 | 10-32 | 1 1/8 | 10-32 | 1/4 | 1 | 1/8 | 5/8 | 15/16 | 1 3/4 | 3 1/16 | 2 5/8 |

*ZB dimension for double rod cylinder is 3 1/4 + 2 x stroke

Table 3 – Envelope and Mounting Dimensions

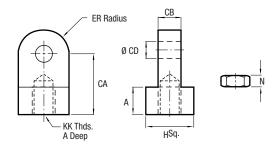
Table 2 - Rod Dimensions

| | | Rod | | | | | | | | | Add S | troke |
|-------|------|------|---------|---------|---------|-----|------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|
| Bore | Rod. | Dia. | Style 6 | Style 8 | Style 9 | | | | | | | |
| Size | No. | MM | KK | CC | XX | Α | D | LAF | RM | WF | LB | P |
| 1 1/8 | 1 | 3/8 | 3/8-24 | 5/16-24 | 1/4-28 | 5/8 | 5/16 | 1 | .750 | 3/8 | 2 1/4 | 1 3/8 |
| | 3 | 1/2 | 1/2-20 | 7/16-20 | 3/8-24 | 3/4 | 7/16 | 1 1/8 | 1.000 | 3/8 | 2 1/4 | 1 3/8 |

Accessories - 1 1/8" Bore

Rod Eye

303 Stainless Steel

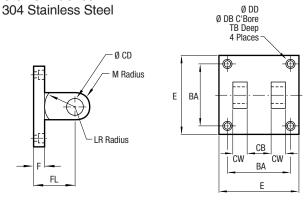


| | 1492220037 | 1492220050 |
|----|------------|------------|
| Α | 7/16 | 7/16 |
| CA | 7/8 | 7/8 |
| CB | 3/8 | 3/8 |
| CD | 0.375 | 0.375 |
| ER | 3/8 | 3/8 |
| Н | 3/4 | 3/4 |
| KK | 3/8-24 | 1/2-20 |
| N | 7/32 | 5/16 |

Includes Jam Nut

Clevis Bracket

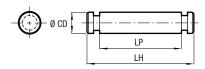
304 Stainless Steel



| | 1492230050 | |
|----|------------|--|
| BA | 1 1/8 | |
| CB | 3/8 | |
| CD | 0.375 | |
| CW | 1/4 | |
| DB | 21/64 | |
| DD | 13/64 | |
| Е | 1 1/2 | |
| F | 1/2 | |
| FL | 1 1/8 | |
| LR | 5/8 | |
| M | 3/8 | |
| TB | 1/3 | |

Pivot Pin

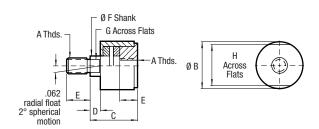
303 Stainless Steel



| | 0875600050 | | |
|----|------------|--|--|
| CD | 0.375 | | |
| LH | 1 1/4 | | |
| LP | 1 1/32 | | |

Use with 1449220037, 1449220050, 1492230050

Rod Alignment Coupler

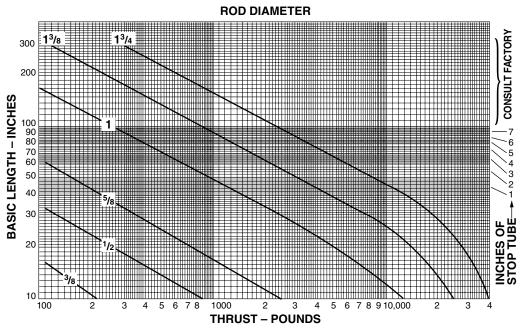


| | 1492240050 |
|---------------------|------------|
| А | 3/8-24 |
| В | 7/8 |
| С | 1 1/4 |
| D | 1/4 |
| E | 5/8 |
| F | 3/8 |
| G | 5/16 |
| Н | 3/4 |
| Maximum Pull (lbs.) | 1,375 |

Made of 303 Stainless Steel, the Rod Alignment Coupler allows 1/16" of radial float and 2° of spherical movement. This prevents cylinder binding due to misalignment thus extending bearing and seal life, and permits greater tolerance between the center line of the cylinder and mating part for simplified installation.



Piston Rod - Stroke Selection Chart



How To Use The Chart

The selection of a piston rod for thrust (push) conditions requires the following steps:

- Determine the type of cylinder mounting style and rod end connection to be used. Then consult the chart below and find the "stroke factor" that corresponds to the conditions used.
- 2. Using this stroke factor, determine the "basic length" from the equation:

Basic = Actual x Stroke Length Stroke Factor

The graph is prepared for standard rod extensions beyond the face of the gland retainer. For rod extensions greater than standard, add the increase to the stroke in arriving at the "basic length."

- 3. Find the load imposed for the thrust application by multiplying the full bore area of the cylinder by the system pressure.
- 4. Enter the graph along the values of "basic length" and "thrust" as found above and note the point of intersection:

- a) The correct piston rod size is read from the diagonally curved line labeled "Rod Diameter" next above the point of intersection.
- b) The required length of stop tube is read from the right of the graph by following the shaded band in which the point of intersection lies.
- c) If required length of stop tube is in the region labeled "consult factory," submit the following information for an individual analysis.
 - 1) Cylinder mounting style.
 - 2) Rod end connection and method of guiding load.
 - Bore, required stroke, length of rod extension (Dim. "LA") if greater than standard, and series of cylinder used.
 - 4) Mounting position of cylinder. (Note: if at an angle or vertical, specify direction of piston rod.)
 - 5) Operating pressure of cylinder if limited to less than standard pressure for cylinder selected.

| Recommended Mounting Styles for Maximum Stroke and Thrust Loads | Rod End Connection | Case | Stroke Factor |
|---|---|---|------------------|
| Groups 1 or 3 Long stroke cylinders for thrust loads should be mounted using a heavy-duty mounting style at one end, firmly fixed | FIXED AND RIGIDLY GUIDED | 1 1111111111111111111111111111111111111 | .50 |
| and aligned to take the principal force. Additional mounting should be specified at the opposite end, which should be used for alignment and support. An intermediate support | PIVOTED AND RIGIDLY GUIDED | | .70 |
| may also be desirable for long stroke cylinders mounted horizontally. | SUPPORTED BUT NOT RIGIDLY GUIDED | | 2.00 |
| Group 2 Style D-Trunnion on Head | PIVOTED AND RIGIDLY GUIDED | IV D | 1.00 |
| Style DB-Trunnion on Cap or Style BB-Clevis on Cap | PIVOTED AND RIGIDLY GUIDED | v lol loll | 2.00 |



Switches - 1 1/8" to 8" Bores

Magnetically operated, non-contact sensing system.

Consists of a magnet in the piston, and a sensing switch clamped on the cylinder tie rod.

One or more switches may be mounted to provide an indication of piston position.

Switches are provided with vinyl molded cable.

Adjustable mounting brackets allow for switches to be securely positioned anywhere along the range of piston travel.

Indicator light facilitates installation and troubleshooting.

Several switches may be mounted to control or initiate any sequence function.

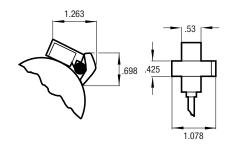
Mounting brackets standard with switches.



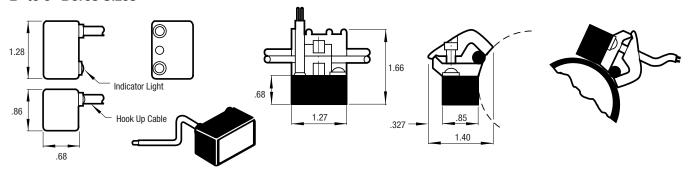
Switch & Mounting Bracket Dimensions

| | | Bore Sizes | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|---------------------|------------|--|
| Current Rating | Sensor Type | 1 1/8"-2 1/2 " Bore | 2"-8" Bore | |
| .5 amp max | Reed | L077610000 | _ | |
| 1 amp max | Reed | _ | L077620000 | |
| 4 amp max | Reed | _ | L077630000 | |
| .5 amp max | NPN | L077650000 | L077670000 | |
| .5 amp max | PNP | L077640000 | L077660000 | |

1 1/8" to 2 1/2" Bores Sizes (.5 amp max)



2" to 8" Bores Sizes



NOTE: See following page for switch specifications and wiring diagrams.

⚠ Caution

- Use an ampmeter to test reed switch current. Testing devices such as incandescent light bulbs may subject the reed switch to high in-rush loads.
- NOTE: When checking an unpowered reed switch for continuity with a
 digital ohmmeter the resistance reading will change from infinity to a very
 large resistance (2 M ohm) when the switch is activated. This is due to the
 presence of a diode in the reed switch.
- Anti-magnetic shielding is recommended for reed switches exposed to high external RF or magnetic fields.
- The magnetic field strength of the piston magnet is designed to operate with our switches. Other manufacturers' switches or sensors may not operate correctly in conjunction with these magnets.
- Current capabilities are relative to operational temperatures.
- Use relay coils for reed switch contact protection.
- The operation of some 120 VAC PLC's (especially some older Allen-Bradley PLC's) can overload the reed switch. The switch may fail to release after the piston magnet has passed. This problem may be corrected by the placement of a 700 to 1K OHM resistor between the switch and the PLC input terminal. Consult the manufacturer of the PLC for appropriate circuit.
- Switches with long wire leads (greater than 15 feet) can cause capacitance build-up and sticking will result. Attach a resistor in series with the reed switch (the resistor should be installed as close as possible to the switch). The resistor should be selected such that R (ohms) >E/0.3.



Application Recommendations and Precautions

To provide maximum reliability.

- 1. Always stay within the specifications and power rating limitations of the unit installed.
- Primary and control circuit wiring should not be mixed in the same conduit. Motors will produce high pulses that will be introduced into the control wiring if the wiring is carried in the same conduit.
- 3. Never connect the switch without a load present. The switch will be destroyed.
- Some electrical loads may be capacitive. Capacitive loading may occur due to distributed capacity in cable runs over 25 feet. Use switch Model LO77630000 whenever capacitive loading may occur.

In order to obtain optimum performance and long life, magnetically operated limit switches should not be subjected to: (1) strong magnetic fields, (2) extreme temperature, and (3) excessive ferrous filing or chip buildup.

Improper wiring may damage or destroy the switch. The wiring diagram, along with the listed power ratings, must be carefully observed before connecting power to the switch.

Lower power switches are designed for signaling electronic circuits. Do not use on relay loads or with incandescent bulbs. Resistive loads only.

Specifications

| Switch Model | L077610000 | L077640000 | L077650000 | |
|---------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Bore Sizes | 1 1/8" thru 2 1/2" | 1 1/8" thru 2 1/2" | 1 1/8" thru 2 1/2" | |
| Switch Type | Reed Switch, 1MOV & Light | Hall Effect & Light, Sourcing PNP | Hall Effect & Light, Sinking NPN | |
| Function | SPST Normally Open | Normally Open | Normally Open | |
| Switching Voltage | 5-120 VDC/VAC, 50/60 Hz | 6-24 VDC | 6-24 VDC | |
| Switching Current | .5 Amp Max, .005 Amp Min | .5 Amp Max | .5 Amp Max | |
| Switching Power | 10 VA | 12 Watts Max | 12 Watts Max | |
| Max Voltage Drop | 3.5 Volts | .5 Volts | .5 Volts | |
| Magnetic Sensitivity | 85 Gauss | 85 Gauss | 85 Gauss | |
| Enclosure Classification | NEMA 6 & CSA Approved | NEMA 6 & CSA Approved | NEMA 6 & CSA Approved | |
| Temperature Range | -22°F to +176°F | -22°F to +176°F | -22°F to +176°F | |
| Wiring Diagrams | Supply 120V Max + Load 0.45 - Center of Sensing Area | BRN WHT GRN 0.10 Center of Sensing Area | Supply GRN 0.10 Center of Sensing Area | |

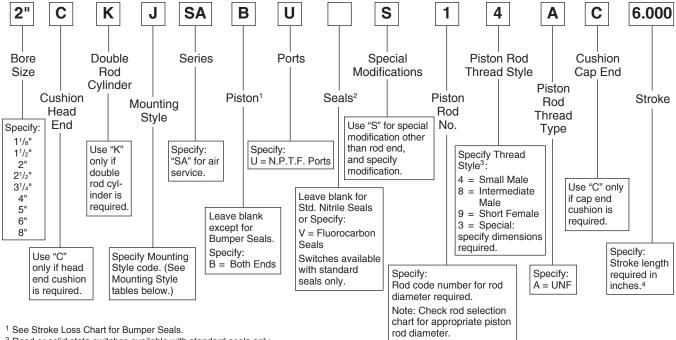
| Switch Model | L077620000 | L077630000 | L077660000 | L077670000 |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Bore Sizes | 2" thru 8" | 2" thru 8" | 2" thru 8" | 2" thru 8" |
| Switch Type | Reed Switch, | Reed Switch, | Hall Effect & Light, | Hall Effect & Light, |
| | ¹MOV & Light | ¹ MOV & Light, 3 Wire | Sourcing PNP | Sinking NPN |
| Function | Normally Open | Normally Open | Normally Open | Normally Open |
| Switching Voltage | 5-240 VDC/VAC, 50/60 Hz | 24-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz | 6-24 VDC | 6-24 VDC |
| Switching Current | 1 Amp Max | 4 Amp Max, 50 Amp Inrush | 1 Amp Max | 1 Amp Max |
| Switching Power | | | 24 Watts Max | 24 Watts Max |
| Max Voltage Drop | Max Voltage Drop 3 Volts | | .5 Volts | .5 Volts |
| Magnetic Sensitivity | Magnetic Sensitivity 85 Gauss, Parallel 85 Gauss, | | 85 Gauss, Parallel | 85 Gauss, Parallel |
| Enclosure Classification | NEMA 6 & CSA Approved | NEMA 6 & CSA Approved | NEMA 6 & CSA Approved | NEMA 6 & CSA Approved |
| Temperature Range | Temperature Range -22°F to +176°F - | | -22°F to +176°F | -22°F to +176°F |
| Wiring Diagrams | Supply AC/DC BLK | AC BLK Supply Load WHT RED | Supply BLK WHT Load | BLK Supply AC/DC Load |

¹Metal Oxide Varsitor Surge Suppression. NOTE: All Switches are supplied with 9 foot leads.



How to Order Series SA Cylinders

Parker Series SA pneumatic cylinders can be specified by model number by using the table below.



² Reed or solid state switches available with standard seals only.

Cylinder Mounting Styles - 1 1/8" Bore

| Mounting | N.F.P.A. | Mounting |
|------------|----------|-------------------------|
| Style Code | Style | Description |
| T | MX0 | No Mount (Basic) |
| С | MS8 | Bolt Through |
| F | MS9 | Side Tapped |
| TE | MR1 | Head Face |
| J | MF7 | Head Rectangular Flange |
| Н | MF2 | Cap Rectangular Flange |
| BE | MP3 | Cap Fixed Eye |

Cylinder Mounting Styles - 1 1/2" - 8" Bores

| Mounting | N.F.P.A. | Mounting | |
|------------|----------|-------------------------------|--|
| Style Code | Style | Description | |
| T | MX0 | No Mount (Basic) | |
| F | MS4 | Side Tapped | |
| J | MF1 | Head Rect. Flange (1 1/2"-8") | |
| Н | MF2 | Cap Rect. Flange (1 1/2"-8") | |
| D | MT1 | Head Trunnion | |
| DB | MT2 | Cap Trunnion | |
| BB | MP1 | Cap Fixed Clevis | |
| JB | ME3 | Head Square (8" only) | |
| НВ | ME4 | Cap Square (8" only) | |

³ For 1 1/8" Bore Rod thread 4 not available, Rod thread 6 is full male option.

⁴ In case of stop tube, call out gross stroke length (net stroke + stop tube length).

How to Order Parker Series SA Cylinders with Switches

Switches are not mounted to the cylinder prior to shipment. When ordering a cylinder to accommodate a switch:

- 1. Derive a proper model number as shown in the table above.
- 2. Place an "S" in the special modification column of the model number.
- 3. Underneath the model number specify:
 - 1) Cylinder prepared for switch.
 - If switches and switch bracket are required specify the switch code and quantity as listed below.

| Code | Description | Quantity |
|------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| PSR1 | Reed Switch Assembly | Number |
| PSP1 | Solid State (PNP Sourcing) Assembly | of Switches |
| PSN1 | Solid State (NPN Sinking) Assembly | Specify Quantity (1-9) |
| CPFS | Cylinder Prepared for Switch | - |

Example A: For cylinder prepared for switch only

2" CJSAUS 14AC x 6.00

S=CPFS

Example B: For cylinder prepared for and supplied with

limit switches

2" CJSAUS14AX x 6.00

S=with PSR1 limit switch Qty (2)

Optional Piston Bumper Seals

Impact dampening Piston Bumper Seals are optional on Series SA cylinders from 1 1/8" through 8" bore. Piston Bumper Seals have a minimum effect on stroke length. The Stroke Loss Chart below gives typical overall stroke loss at various system pressures.

To determine the stroke loss at either end of the cylinder, divide the values by two. Bumper Seals are only available on both sides of the piston.

Stroke Loss Chart

| Bore | 0 PSI | 20 PSI | 40 PSI | 60 PSI | 80 PSI | 100 PSI |
|---------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| 1 1/8" | .12 | .08 | .06 | .03 | .02 | 0 |
| 1 1/2"1 | .12 | .04 | .03 | .02 | .01 | 0 |
| 2" | .12 | .10 | .06 | .03 | .02 | 0 |
| 2 1/2" | .16 | .10 | .08 | .04 | .02 | 0 |
| 3 1/4" | .18 | .10 | .08 | .04 | .02 | 0 |
| 4" | .20 | .14 | .10 | .06 | .02 | 0 |
| 5" | .22 | .14 | .10 | .06 | .02 | 0 |
| 6" | .28 | .20 | .13 | .07 | .03 | 0 |
| 8" | .32 | .22 | .14 | .08 | .04 | 0 |

¹ Piston Bumper Seals are not available 1½" bore with rod code 2.



Notes



Notes

Notes



Series SA

Safety Guide for Selecting and Using Hydraulic, Pneumatic Cylinders and Their Accessories

WARNING: \triangle FAILURE OF THE CYLINDER, ITS PARTS, ITS MOUNTING, ITS CONNECTIONS TO OTHER OBJECTS, OR ITS CONTROLS CAN RESULT IN:

- Unanticipated or uncontrolled movement of the cylinder or objects connected to it.
- Falling of the cylinder or objects held up by it.
- Fluid escaping from the cylinder, potentially at high velocity.

THESE EVENTS COULD CAUSE DEATH OR PERSONAL INJURY BY, FOR EXAMPLE, PERSONS FALLING FROM HIGH LOCATIONS, BEING CRUSHED OR STRUCK BY HEAVY OR FAST MOVING OBJECTS, BEING PUSHED INTO DANGEROUS EQUIPMENT OR SITUATIONS, OR SLIPPING ON ESCAPED FLUID.

Before selecting or using Parker Hannifin Corporation (the Company) cylinders or related accessories, it is important that you read, understand and follow the following safety information. Training is advised before selecting and using the Company's products.

1.0 General Instructions

- 1.1 Scope This safety guide provides instructions for selecting and using (including assembling, installing, and maintaining) cylinder products. This safety guide is a supplement to and is to be used with the specific Company publications for the specific cylinder products that are being considered for
- 1.2 Fail Safe Cylinder products can and do fail without warning for many reasons. All systems and equipment should be designed in a fail-safe mode so that if the failure of a cylinder product occurs people and property won't be endangered.
- 1.3 Distribution Provide a free copy of this safety guide to each person responsible for selecting or using cylinder products. Do not select or use the Company's cylinders without thoroughly reading and understanding this safety guide as well as the specific Company publications for the products considered or selected.
- 1.4 User Responsibility Due to very wide variety of cylinder applications and cylinder operating conditions, the Company does not warrant that any particular cylinder is suitable for any specific application. This safety guide does not analyze all technical parameters that must be considered in selecting a product. The hydraulic and pneumatic cylinders outlined in this catalog are designed to the Company's design guidelines and do not necessarily meet the design guideline of other agencies such as American Bureau of Shipping, ASME Pressure Vessel Code etc. The user, through its own analysis and testing, is solely responsible for:
- Making the final selection of the cylinders and related accessories.
- Determining if the cylinders are required to meet specific design requirements as required by the Agency(s) or industry standards covering the design of the user's equipment.
- Assuring that the user's requirements are met, OSHA requirements are met, and safety guidelines from the applicable agencies such as but not limited to ANSI are followed and that the use presents no health or safety hazards
- Providing all appropriate health and safety warnings on the equipment on which the cylinders are used.
- 1.5 Additional Questions Call the appropriate Company technical service department if you have any questions or require any additional information. See the Company publication for the product being considered or used, or call 1-847-298-2400, or go to www.parker.com, for telephone numbers of the appropriate technical service department.

2.0 Cylinder and Accessories Selection

2.1 Seals – Part of the process of selecting a cylinder is the selection of seal compounds. Before making this selection, consult the "seal information page(s)" of the publication for the series of cylinders of interest.

The application of cylinders may allow fluids such as cutting fluids, wash down fluids etc. to come in contact with the external area of the cylinder. These fluids may attack the piston rod wiper and or the primary seal and must be taken into account when selecting and specifying seal compounds.

Dynamic seals will wear. The rate of wear will depend on many operating factors. Wear can be rapid if a cylinder is mis-aligned or if the cylinder has been improperly serviced. The user must take seal wear into consideration in the application of cylinders.

- **2.2 Piston Rods** Possible consequences of piston rod failure or separation of the piston rod from the piston include, but are not limited to are:
- Piston rod and or attached load thrown off at high speed.
- · High velocity fluid discharge.
- Piston rod extending when pressure is applied in the piston retract mode.

Piston rods or machine members attached to the piston rod may move suddenly and without warning as a consequence of other conditions occurring to the machine such as, but not limited to:

· Unexpected detachment of the machine member from the piston rod.

- Failure of the pressurized fluid delivery system (hoses, fittings, valves, pumps, compressors) which maintain cylinder position.
- Catastrophic cylinder seal failure leading to sudden loss of pressurized fluid.
- · Failure of the machine control system.

Follow the recommendations of the "Piston Rod Selection Chart and Data" in the publication for the series of cylinders of interest. The suggested piston rod diameter in these charts must be followed in order to avoid piston rod buckling.

Piston rods are not normally designed to absorb bending moments or loads which are perpendicular to the axis of piston rod motion. These additional loads can cause the piston rod to fail. If these types of additional loads are expected to be imposed on the piston rod, their magnitude should be made known to our engineering department.

The cylinder user should always make sure that the piston rod is securely attached to the machine member.

On occasion cylinders are ordered with double rods (a piston rod extended from both ends of the cylinder). In some cases a stop is threaded on to one of the piston rods and used as an external stroke adjuster. On occasions spacers are attached to the machine member connected to the piston rod and also used as a stroke adjuster. In both cases the stops will create a pinch point and the user should consider appropriate use of guards. If these external stops are not perpendicular to the mating contact surface, or if debris is trapped between the contact surfaces, a bending moment will be placed on the piston rod, which can lead to piston rod failure. An external stop will also negate the effect of cushioning and will subject the piston rod to impact loading. Those two (2) conditions can cause piston rod failure. Internal stroke adjusters are available with and without cushions. The use of external stroke adjusters should be reviewed with our engineering department.

The piston rod to piston and the stud to piston rod threaded connections are secured with an anaerobic adhesive. The strength of the adhesive decreases with increasing temperature. Cylinders which can be exposed to temperatures above $+250\,^\circ\mathrm{F}$ (+ $121\,^\circ\mathrm{C}$) are to be ordered with a non studded piston rod and a pinned piston to rod joint.

2.3 Cushions – Cushions should be considered for cylinder applications when the piston velocity is expected to be over 4 inches/second.

Cylinder cushions are normally designed to absorb the energy of a linear applied load. A rotating mass has considerably more energy than the same mass moving in a linear mode. Cushioning for a rotating mass application should be review by our engineering department.

2.4 Cylinder Mountings – Some cylinder mounting configurations may have certain limitations such as but not limited to minimum stroke for side or foot mounting cylinders or pressure de-ratings for certain mounts. Carefully review the catalog for these types of restrictions.

Always mount cylinders using the largest possible high tensile alloy steel socket head cap screws that can fit in the cylinder mounting holes and torque them to the manufacturer's recommendations for their size.

2.5 Port Fittings - Hydraulic cylinders applied with meter out or deceleration circuits are subject to intensified pressure at piston rod end.

The rod end pressure is approximately equal to:

operating pressure x effective cap end area effective rod end piston area

Contact your connector supplier for the pressure rating of individual connectors.

3.0 Cylinder and Accessories Installation and Mounting

3.1 Installation

3.1.1 – Cleanliness is an important consideration, and cylinders are shipped with the ports plugged to protect them from contaminants entering the ports. These plugs should not be removed until the piping is to be installed. Before making the connection to the cylinder ports, piping should be thoroughly cleaned to remove all chips or burrs which might have resulted from threading or flaring operations.



- 3.1.2 Cylinders operating in an environment where air drying materials are present such as fast-drying chemicals, paint, or weld splatter, or other hazardous conditions such as excessive heat, should have shields installed to prevent damage to the piston rod and piston rod seals.
- 3.1.3 Proper alignment of the cylinder piston rod and its mating component on the machine should be checked in both the extended and retracted positions. Improper alignment will result in excessive rod gland and/or cylinder bore wear. On fixed mounting cylinders attaching the piston rod while the rod is retracted will help in achieving proper alignment.
- 3.1.4 Sometimes it may be necessary to rotate the piston rod in order to thread the piston rod into the machine member. This operation must always be done with zero pressure being applied to either side of the piston. Failure to follow this procedure may result in loosening the piston to rod-threaded connection. In some rare cases the turning of the piston rod may rotate a threaded piston rod gland and loosen it from the cylinder head. Confirm that this condition is not occurring. If it does, re-tighten the piston rod gland firmly against the cylinder head.

For double rod cylinders it is also important that when attaching or detaching the piston rod from the machine member that the torque be applied to the piston rod end of the cylinder that is directly attaching to the machine member with the opposite end unrestrained. If the design of the machine is such that only the rod end of the cylinder opposite to where the rod attaches to the machine member can be rotated, consult the factory for further instructions.

3.2 Mounting Recommendations

- 3.2.1 Always mount cylinders using the largest possible high tensile alloy steel socket head screws that can fit in the cylinder mounting holes and torque them to the manufacturer's recommendations for their size.
- **3.2.2** Side-Mounted Cylinders In addition to the mounting bolts, cylinders of this type should be equipped with thrust keys or dowel pins located so as to resist the major load.
- **3.2.3** Tie Rod Mounting Cylinders with tie rod mountings are recommended for applications where mounting space is limited. The standard tie rod extension is shown as BB in dimension tables. Longer or shorter extensions can be supplied. Nuts used for this mounting style should be torqued to the same value as the tie rods for that bore size.
- 3.2.4 Flange Mount Cylinders The controlled diameter of the rod gland extension on head end flange mount cylinders can be used as a pilot to locate the cylinders in relation to the machine. After alignment has been obtained, the flanges may be drilled for pins or dowels to prevent shifting.
- 3.2.5 Trunnion Mountings Cylinders require lubricated bearing blocks with minimum bearing clearances. Bearing blocks should be carefully aligned and rigidly mounted so the trunnions will not be subjected to bending moments. The rod end should also be pivoted with the pivot pin in line and parallel to axis of the trunnion pins.
- **3.2.6** Clevis Mountings Cylinders should be pivoted at both ends with centerline of pins parallel to each other. After cylinder is mounted, be sure to check to assure that the cylinder is free to swing through its working arc without interference from other machine parts.

4.0 Cylinder and Accessories Maintenance, Troubleshooting and Replacement

- **4.1 Storage** At times cylinders are delivered before a customer is ready to install them and must be stored for a period of time. When storage is required the following procedures are recommended.
 - **4.1.1** Store the cylinders in an indoor area which has a dry, clean and noncorrosive atmosphere. Take care to protect the cylinder from both internal corrosion and external damage.
 - 4.1.2 Whenever possible cylinders should be stored in a vertical position (piston rod up). This will minimize corrosion due to possible condensation which could occur inside the cylinder. This will also minimize seal damage.
 - **4.1.3** Port protector plugs should be left in the cylinder until the time of installation.
 - $\label{eq:constraint} \textbf{4.1.4} \text{If a cylinder is stored full of hydraulic fluid, expansion of the fluid due to temperature changes must be considered. Installing a check valve with free flow out of the cylinder is one method.}$
 - **4.1.5** When cylinders are mounted on equipment that is stored outside for extended periods, exposed unpainted surfaces, e.g. piston rod, must be coated with a rust-inhibiting compound to prevent corrosion.

4.2 Cylinder Trouble Shooting

4.2.1 - External Leakage

4.2.1.1 – Rod seal leakage can generally be traced to worn or damaged seals. Examine the piston rod for dents, gouges or score marks, and replace piston rod if surface is rough.

Rod seal leakage could also be traced to gland wear. If clearance is excessive, replace rod bushing and seal. Rod seal leakage can also be traced to seal deterioration. If seals are soft or gummy or brittle, check compatibility of seal material with lubricant used if air cylinder, or operating fluid if hydraulic cylinder. Replace with seal material, which is compatible with these fluids. If the seals are hard or have lost elasticity, it is usually due to exposure to temperatures in excess of 165°F. (+74°C). Shield the cylinder from the heat source to limit temperature to 350°F. (+177°C.) and replace with fluorocarbon seals.

4.2.1.2 – Cylinder body seal leak can generally be traced to loose tie rods. Torque the tie rods to manufacturer's recommendation for that bore size.

Excessive pressure can also result in cylinder body seal leak. Determine maximum pressure to rated limits. Replace seals and retorque tie rods as in paragraph above. Excessive pressure can also result in cylinder body seal leak. Determine if the pressure rating of the cylinder has been exceeded. If so, bring the operating pressure down to the rating of the cylinder and have the tie rods replaced.

Pinched or extruded cylinder body seal will also result in a leak. Replace cylinder body seal and retorque as in paragraph above.

Cylinder body seal leakage due to loss of radial squeeze which shows up in the form of flat spots or due to wear on the O.D. or I.D. – Either of these are symptoms of normal wear due to high cycle rate or length of service. Replace seals as per paragraph above.

4.2.2 - Internal Leakage

- **4.2.2.1** Piston seal leak (by-pass) 1 to 3 cubic inches per minute leakage is considered normal for piston ring construction. Virtually no static leak with lipseal type seals on piston should be expected. Piston seal wear is a usual cause of piston seal leakage. Replace seals as required.
- **4.2.2.2** With lipseal type piston seals excessive back pressure due to over-adjustment of speed control valves could be a direct cause of rapid seal wear. Contamination in a hydraulic system can result in a scored cylinder bore, resulting in rapid seal wear. In either case, replace piston seals as required.
- 4.2.2.3 What appears to be piston seal leak, evidenced by the fact that the cylinder drifts, is not always traceable to the piston. To make sure, it is suggested that one side of the cylinder piston be pressurized and the fluid line at the opposite port be disconnected. Observe leakage. If none is evident, seek the cause of cylinder drift in other component parts in the circuit.

4.2.3 - Cylinder Fails to Move the Load

- **4.2.3.1** Pneumatic or hydraulic pressure is too low. Check the pressure at the cylinder to make sure it is to circuit requirements.
- **4.2.3.2** Piston Seal Leak Operate the valve to cycle the cylinder and observe fluid flow at valve exhaust ports at end of cylinder stroke. Replace piston seals if flow is excessive.
- $\bf 4.2.3.3$ Cylinder is undersized for the load Replace cylinder with one of a larger bore size.

4.3 Erratic or Chatter Operation

- **4.3.1** Excessive friction at rod gland or piston bearing due to load misalignment Correct cylinder-to-load alignment.
- **4.3.2** Cylinder sized too close to load requirements Reduce load or install larger cylinder.
- **4.3.3** Erratic operation could be traced to the difference between static and kinetic friction. Install speed control valves to provide a back pressure to control the stroke.
- 4.4 Cylinder Modifications, Repairs, or Failed Component Cylinders as shipped from the factory are not to be disassembled and or modified. If cylinders require modifications, these modifications must be done at company locations or by the Company's certified facilities. The Cylinder Division Engineering Department must be notified in the event of a mechanical fracture or permanent deformation of any cylinder component (excluding seals). This includes a broken piston rod, tie rod, mounting accessory or any other cylinder component. The notification should include all operation and application details. This information will be used to provide an engineered repair that will prevent recurrence of the failure.

It is allowed to disassemble cylinders for the purpose of replacing seals or seal assemblies. However, this work must be done by strictly following all the instructions provided with the seal kits.



Notes



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