

# **512C Series Converter**

Technical Manual HA389196U001 Issue 9

© Copyright 2007 Parker SSD Drives, a division of Parker Hannifin Ltd.

All rights strictly reserved. No part of this document may be stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means to persons not employed by a Parker SSD Drives company without written permission from Parker SSD Drives, a division of Parker Hannifin Ltd. Although every effort has been taken to ensure the accuracy of this document it may be necessary, without notice, to make amendments or correct omissions. Parker SSD Drives cannot accept responsibility for damage, injury, or expenses resulting therefrom.

#### WARRANTY

Parker SSD Drives warrants the goods against defects in design, materials and workmanship for the period of 12 months from the date of delivery on the terms detailed in Parker SSD Drives Standard Conditions of Sale IA058393C.

Parker SSD Drives reserves the right to change the content and product specification without notice.

# **Safety Information**



## **Requirements**

**IMPORTANT:** Please read this information BEFORE installing the equipment.

#### **Intended Users**

This manual is to be made available to all persons who are required to install, configure or service equipment described herein, or any other associated operation.

The information given is intended to highlight safety issues, EMC considerations, and to enable the user to obtain maximum benefit from the equipment.

Complete the following table for future reference detailing how the unit is to be installed and used.

	INSTALLATION DETAILS					
Serial Number (see product label)						
Where installed (for your own information)						
Unit used as a: (refer to Certification for the Converter)	Component	Relevant Apparatus				
Unit fitted:	Wall-mounted	Enclosure				

## **Application Area**

The equipment described is intended for industrial motor speed control utilising AC induction or AC synchronous machines.

#### Personnel

Installation, operation and maintenance of the equipment should be carried out by qualified personnel. A qualified person is someone who is technically competent and familiar with all safety information and established safety practices; with the installation process, operation and maintenance of this equipment; and with all the hazards involved.

## **Product Warnings**



## www.comoso.com

#### circuit being tested. Whilst ensuring ventilation is sufficient, provide

- guarding and /or additional safety systems to prevent injury or damage to equipment.
- When replacing a drive in an application and before returning to use, it is essential that all user defined parameters for the product's operation are correctly installed.
  - EMC
- In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case supplementary mitigation measures may be required.
- This equipment contains electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive parts. Observe static control precautions when handling, installing and servicing this product.

#### CAUTION!

## **APPLICATION RISK**

The specifications, processes and circuitry described herein are for guidance only and may need to be adapted to the user's specific application. We can not guarantee the suitability of the equipment described in this Manual for individual applications.

#### **RISK ASSESSMENT**

Under fault conditions, power loss or unintended operating conditions, the drive may not operate as intended. In particular:

- Stored energy might not discharge to safe levels as quickly as suggested, and can still be present even though the drive appears to be switched off
- The motor's direction of rotation might not be controlled
- The motor speed might not be controlled
  - The motor might be energised

• Sequencing logic

A drive is a component within a drive system that may influence its operation or effects under a fault condition. Consideration must be given to:

• Supply disconnects

• Stored energy

• Unintended operation

#### This equipment can endanger life by exposure to For measurements use only a meter to IEC 61010 (CAT 5 rotating machinery and high voltages. III or higher). Always begin using the highest range. CAT I and CAT II meters must not be used on this The equipment must be permanently earthed due to product. the high earth leakage current, and the drive motor

WARNING! - Ignoring the following may result in injury or damage to equipment

SAFETY Where there is conflict between EMC and Safety requirements, personnel safety shall always take precedence.

•

•

•

•

- Allow at least 5 minutes for the drive's capacitors to 6. discharge to safe voltage levels (<50V). Use the specified meter capable of measuring up to 1000V dc & ac rms to confirm that less than 50V is present between all power terminals and earth.
- 7. Unless otherwise stated, this product must NOT be dismantled. In the event of a fault the drive must be returned. Refer to "Routine Maintenance and Repair".

All control and signal terminals are SELV, i.e. protected

by double insulation. Ensure all external wiring is rated

Thermal sensors contained within the motor must have

All exposed metalwork in the Inverter is protected by

RCDs are not recommended for use with this product

but, where their use is mandatory, only Type B RCDs

This is a product of the restricted sales distribution class

"professional equipment" as defined in EN61000-3-2. Permission of the supply authority shall be obtained

basic insulation and bonded to a safety earth.

according to IEC 61800-3. It is designated as

before connection to the low voltage supply.

for the highest system voltage.

at least basic insulation.

should be used.

# **Safety Information**

must be connected to an appropriate safety earth.

working on the equipment. Be aware that there may

power terminals (motor output, supply input phases, DC bus and the brake, where fitted) when the motor

Never perform high voltage resistance checks on the

wiring without first disconnecting the drive from the

be more than one supply connection to the drive.

There may still be dangerous voltages present at

is at standstill or is stopped.

3. Ensure all incoming supplies are isolated before

DANGER! - Ignoring the following may result in injury

Hazards

2.

4.



# Contents

<b>GETTING STARTED</b>	1-1
	Introduction
	Optional Equipment1-1
	Equipment Inspection1-1
	About this Manual1-2
	Initial Steps
	How the Manual is Organised1-2
AN OVERVIEW OF TH	HE CONVERTER 2-1
	Component Identification2-1
	Control Features2-2
	Understanding the Product Code2-3
<b>INSTALLING THE CON</b>	NVERTER 3-1
	Mechanical Installation3-1
	Mounting the Converter
	• Filter Installation
	Electrical Installation3-4
	Recommendations
<b>OPERATING THE CO</b>	NVERTER 4-1
	Pre-Installation Planning4-1
	Basic Wiring Diagrams
	Basic Connection
	Setting-Up & Commissioning4-2
	Option Switches
	Speed Feedback Scaling4-2
	Speed Feedback Source
	Zero Output Source
	Current Scaling
	Current Motor Scaling
	Potentiometers
	Basic Setting-Up Procedure4-4
	Controller
	• Motor

# Contents

	Contents	Page
	Preparation	
	Machine	4-4
	Controller	4-4
	• Power-Up	4-5
LED INDICATIO	DNS	5-1
	LED Indications	5-1
TERMINAL DESC	CRIPTIONS	6-1
	Control Terminals	6-1
	Power Terminals	6-2
	Field Terminals (Auxiliary Supply)	6-2
FAULT FINDING		7-1
	Troubleshooting	7-1
<b>ROUTINE MAIN</b>	NTENANCE AND REPAIR	8-1
	Routine Maintenance	
	Repair	
	Returning the Unit to Parker SSD Drives	
	Disposal	8-1
<b>REPLACEMENT</b>	оғ 512 мпн 512С	9-1
	512C/512 Terminal Differences	
	Functional Differences 512C & 512	
<b>BLOCK DIAGRA</b>	AM	10-1
	Block Diagram	
TECHNICAL SPE	CIFICATIONS	11-1
	Environmental Requirements	
	Operating Conditions	
	Terminal Tightening Torques	11-2
	Electrical Ratings	11-3
<b>CERTIFICATION</b>	FOR THE CONVERTER	12-1
	EMC and the 'CE' Mark	
	'CE' EMC Responsibility	12-1
	Special Considerations for Installations Requiring Complian	ce with UL Standards12-3
	Certificates	

# **GETTING STARTED**

## Introduction

The 512C converter is intended for use in an Industrial Environment, it should be mounted within an enclosure which provides protection to the converter and the user.

The converter should be permanently earthed at the terminals provided.

The 512C converter is suitable for the control of Permanent Magnet and Shunt Wound DC Motors.

The converters are designed to operate from a single phase ac mains supply in the range of 110Vac to 415Vac at 50 or 60Hz. A simple transformer tap arrangement allows the converter to be programmed to suit the applied voltage.

The Speed of the DC Motor is controlled using a linear closed loop system with a feedback signal from either tachogenerator or armature voltage, the feedback source being switch selectable.

A current loop within the speed loop always ensures that controlled levels of current are applied to the motor, actual levels being scaleable via programmable switches.

Motor protection is provided by a Stall detection circuit which will remove current from the motor after approximately 60 seconds.

Converter protection is provided by a Instantaneous Overcurrent trip circuit overriding control in the event of a Short Circuit.

## **Optional Equipment**

Item	Part Number
UL Compression Lug Kits	LA389745U016
See page 12.3 for more information.	LA389745U032
EMC Installation Guidelines for Modules and Systems A Parker SSD Drives application manual detailing EMC requirements	HA388879
External AC Supply (RFI) Filter For 512C units without internal filters, on cable runs in excess of 25 metres	Refer to Chapter 3 for Part Numbers
Fuse Isolator Kit High speed semi-conductor fuses are recommended.	See table 11.1 for part numbers.

**Table 1-1 Optional Equipment** 

## **Equipment Inspection**

- Check for signs of transit damage
- Check the product code on the rating label conforms to your requirement.

If the unit is not being installed immediately, store the unit in a well-ventilated place away from high temperatures, humidity, dust, or metal particles.

Refer to Chapter 2: "An Overview of the Converter" to check the rating label/product code. Refer to Chapter 8: "Routine Maintenance and Repair" for information on returning damaged goods.

Refer to Chapter 11: "Technical Specifications" - Environmental Details for the storage temperature.

## **About this Manual**

This manual is intended for use by the installer of the 512C converter. It assumes a reasonable level of understanding in these disciplines.

**Note:** Please read all Safety Information before proceeding with the installation and operation of this unit.

Enter the "Model No" from the rating label into the table at the front of this manual. It is important that you pass this manual on to any new user of this unit.

This manual is for the following models from the 512C Converter Series:

512C/04	4A DC Full Load Current
512C/08	8A DC Full Load Current
512C/16	16A DC Full Load Current
512C/32	32A DC Full Load Current

### **Initial Steps**

Use the manual to help you plan the following:

#### Installation

Know your requirements:

- certification requirements, CE/UL/CUL conformance
- mount in an enclosure
- conformance with local installation requirements
- supply and cabling requirements

## How the Manual is Organised

The manual is divided into chapters and paragraphs. Page numbering restarts with every chapter, i.e. 5-3 is Chapter 5, page 3.

# AN OVERVIEW OF THE CONVERTER

## **Component Identification**

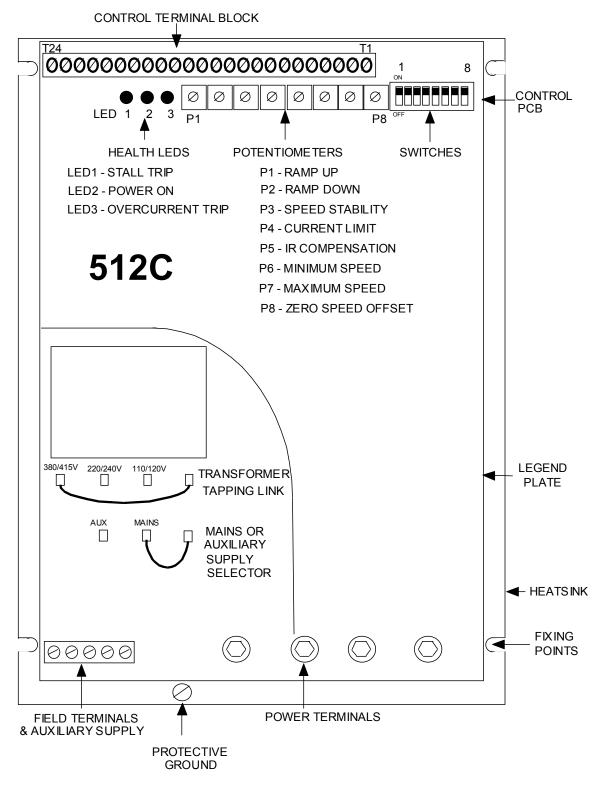


Figure 2-1 View of Component Parts

## **Control Features**

Speed Control	Control Action	Closed Loop with P and Adjustable Sta		tegral Control	
	Speed Feedback	Armature Voltage	Tachogenerator		
	100% Load Regulation	2 % Typical	0.1 % Typic	cal	
	Maximum Torque/Speed Range	20:1	100:1		
	Overload	150% for 60 secon	ds.		
Torque	Control Action	Closed Loop with P	roportional In	tegral Control	
Control	Accuracy	2 %			
	Overspeed	Inherent			
	Overload	None 100% Contir given to motor whe			
Inputs/ Outputs	Analogue Inputs	Setpoint Ramp	0 to +10V	100Kohm	
		Auxiliary Speed 0 to +10V Setpoint		100Kohm	
		Current Limit	0 to +7.5V	50Kohm	
		Tachogenerator Input	0 to +350Vdc	110Kohm	
	Analogue Outputs	Speed	0 to +10V	5mA	
		Current (SW8 Off)	0 to +5V (0 to Idc)	5mA	
		Current (SW8 On)	0 to +5V (0 to Ical)	5mA	
		Setpoint Ramp	0 to +10V	5mA	
		Total Setpoint	0 to +10V	5mA	
		+10V Reference	+10V	5mA	
		-10V Reference	- 10V	5mA	
	Digital Inputs	Run	+10 to +24V	100Kohm	
		Stall Override	+10	100Kohm	
	Digital Outputs	Health	+24V	50mA Source	
		Zero Speed or Setpoint	50mA Source		

## **Understanding the Product Code**

The unit is fully identified using a five block alphanumeric code which records how the Converter was calibrated, and its various settings when despatched from the factory.

The Product Code appears as the "Model No.". Each block of the Product Code is identified as below:

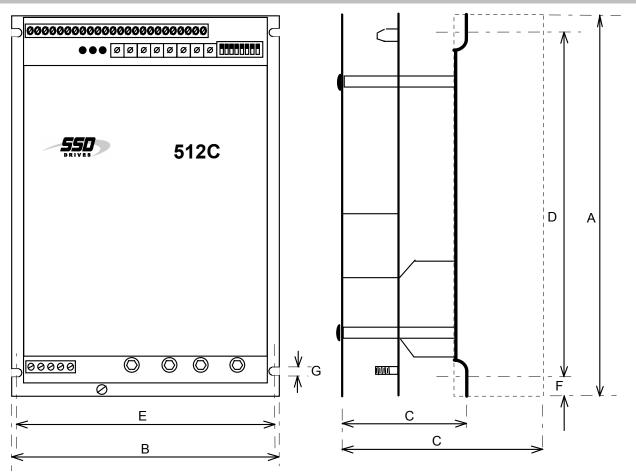
Fax: +44-(0)1903 723938		1 100 100	CE	Max Armature Current	110-480 6 90/180/320 4 90/180/360	Amps dc
WARNING: Read product Safety Information. Type Permanent protective ea	t manual for Installation and B RCD protection devices only. arth mandatory.	File No: E	÷.€	field Voltage Max Field Current	90/180/360 3	Volis dc Amps dc

Block No.	Variable	Description
1	512C	Generic product
2	XX	Two numbers specifying the current output, for example:
		04 = 4Amp
		08 = 8Amp
		16 = 16Amp
		32 = 32Amp
3	XX	Two numbers specifying mechanical package including livery and mechanical package style, and any option installed over and above the standard features of the product:
		Two numbers Livery
		00 Standard Parker SSD Drives livery
		01-99 Defined customer liveries
4	XX	Two numbers specifying the cover:
		IP00 Open Frame
5	XX	Two numbers specifying the special options:
		00 = Standard
		01 - 99 = Documented Special Options

# **INSTALLING THE CONVERTER**

**IMPORTANT:** Read Chapter 12: "Certification for the Converter" before installing this unit.

## **Mechanical Installation**



PRODUCT	OVERALL DIMENSIONS		FIXING CENTRES		SIZE	SLOT DETAIL		
	Α	В	С	D	E		F	G
512C/04	240mm	160mm	90mm	210mm	148mm	M6	15mm	7mm
512C/08	240mm	160mm	90mm	210mm	148mm	M6	15mm	7mm
512C/16	240mm	160mm	90mm	210mm	148mm	M6	15mm	7mm
512C/32	240mm	160mm	130mm	210mm	148mm	M6	15mm	7mm

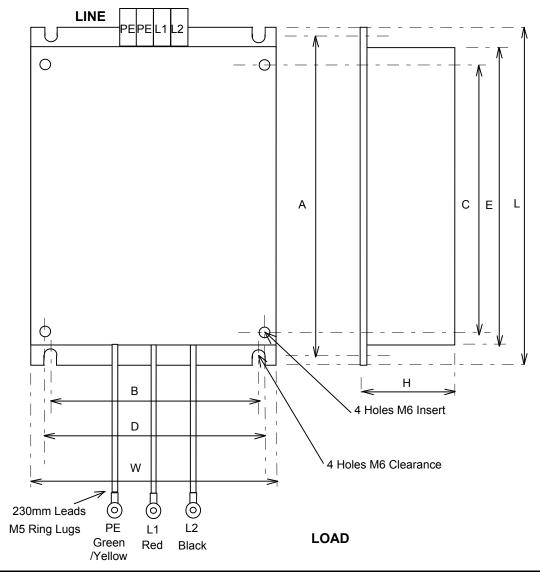
Table 3.1 Product Dimensions

## Mounting the Converter

Before connecting AC supplies to this equipment:

- Ensure good airflow over the heatsink. Maintain clearance of 75mm above and below controller. For safety maintain a clearance of 20mm at the sides of the controller.
- Operating temperature range does not exceed 0 to +40 øC.
- Controller is used in a Pollution Degree 2 environment.
- Avoid vibration.

#### **Filter Installation**



Product	Filter	Watt Loss	Overall Dimensions				ing tres		duct ing	Terminal	
			L	W	Н	E	Α	В	С	D	
512C/04	CO389113	18W	264	165	45	240	253	120	210	148	4mm <sup>2</sup>
512C/08	CO389113	18W	264	165	45	240	253	120	210	148	4mm <sup>2</sup>
512C/16	CO389113	18W	264	165	45	240	253	120	210	148	4mm <sup>2</sup>
512C/32	CO389114	36W	264	165	70	240	253	120	210	148	6mm <sup>2</sup>

 Table 3.2 Filter Installation Information

## **3-3** Installing the Converter

#### MOTOR

- Ensure motor is mechanically secure and mounted according to manufacturers specifications and practice.
- Inspect brush gear, ensure commutator is in good condition and brushes are free to move in brush box and in good condition.
- Check obstructions in motor vents to maintain cooling air path.
- Ensure motor choke (if specified) is correctly wired.
- Ensure motor is free to rotate and that pulleys and couplings are correctly aligned.
- Ensure transit damage has not occurred to motor windings or connections. Disconnect the controller before carrying out electrical measurement e.g. insulation resistance.

	512C/04	512C/08	512C/16	512C/32			
Overall Width		160mm					
Overall Height		240	)mm				
Overall Depth	90mm	90mm	90mm	130mm			
Weight	1.5Kg	1.5Kg	1.6Kg	2.9Kg			
Airflow Clearance		75mm abov	ve and below				
Mounting Centres	2	10mm vertical x	148mm horizont	al			
Control Terminals		Screw Terminals will accept 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> stranded wire.					
Field Terminals	Screw te	Terminal Tightening Torque 0.6 Nm, 4.5 lbf-in Screw terminals will accept 4mm <sup>2</sup> stranded wire. Terminal Tightening Torque 0.6 Nm, 4.5 lbf-in					
Power Terminals	M5 Studs with Clamp. Terminal Tightening Torque 2.7 Nm, 24 lbf-in						
Earth Terminals	M5 Cheese Head Screw. Terminal Tightening Torque 7.1 Nm, 63 lbf-in						

 Table 3.3
 Motor Information

## **Electrical Installation**

## **Recommendations**

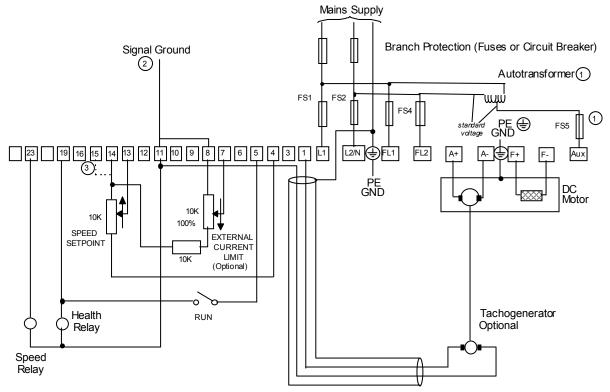
- Although the controller is designed to provide double or reinforced insulation between the user and bare live parts, it is recommended that the "0v/Signal Ground" is earthed. Where a number of controllers are used in a system the "0v/Signal Ground" terminals should be connected together and earthed at one point.
- The controller is designed for armature current form factor of 1.5 or less. It is recommended that a armature choke be fitted where a form factor of less than 1.5 current cannot be guaranteed.
- Due to the earth leakage currents the controller and filter should be **permanently earthed.** This can be achieved by either connecting two earthing conductors of the required value, see table 11.1, or connecting one earthing conductor of at least 10mm<sup>2</sup>.
- **IMPORTANT:** The Converter fitted with an internal or external ac supply EMC filter is only suitable for earth referenced supplies (TN).

# **OPERATING THE CONVERTER**

## **Pre-Installation Planning**

## **Basic Wiring Diagrams**

## **Basic Connection**



- When the mains voltage is non-standard, i.e. not selectable via the transformer tapping link (380/415V, 220/240V or 110/120V), connect a low power Autotransformer to generate a standard voltage. Connect the output of the Autotransformer to the AUX terminal. Move the Supply Selector from "MAINS" to "AUX". Select the appropriate voltage via the transformer tapping link. The Autotransformer **must** be connected to the same phase as the incoming power to provide correct coding to the controller.
- 2 It is recommended that the "0V/common" be connected to protective earth/ground for safety reasons. In a system comprising of more than one controller, the "0V/common" signals should be connected together and joined to protective earth/ground at <u>one</u> point only.
- 3 Stall override link between terminals 14 and 15 required when using controller in current control.

## Setting-Up & Commissioning

## **Option Switches**

#### **Speed Feedback Scaling**

-			
SW1	SW2	FEEDBACK	( VOLTAGE
OFF	ON	10 - 25V	USE P7 TO TRIM
ON	ON	25 - 75V	MAXIMUM SPEED
OFF	OFF	75 - 125V	TO REQUIRED
ON	OFF	125 - 325V	VALUE

Table 4.1 Full speed tachogenerator/armature feedback voltage.

Example:

(a) Customer wishes to run motor at 1500rpm with a 60V/1000rpm tachogenerator. Feedback voltage = 90V

From Table 4.1 set SW1 OFF SW2 OFF adjust P7 to give desired speed.

- (b) Customer wishes to run motor at 2000rpm with 320V armature. Feedback voltage = 320V
   From Table 4.1 set SW1 ON SW2 OFF adjust P7 to give desired speed.
- **Note:** It is necessary to set these switches for both tachogenerator and armature voltage feedback.

#### **Speed Feedback Source**

SW3	(OFF)	Tachogenerator	Controller uses Tachogenerator Feedback for Speed Control.
SW3	(ON)	Armature Voltage	Controller uses Armature Voltage Feedback for Speed Control.
-	-		

#### Zero Output Source

SW4	(OFF)	Zero Output	Zero Setpoint Output
SW4	(ON)	Zero Output	Zero Speed Output

### **Current Scaling**

		FULL LOAD CURRENT CONTROLLER OPTION			
SW6	SW7	04	08	16	32
OFF	OFF	1⁄2A	1A *	2A *	4A *
OFF	OFF	1A	2A *	4A *	8A *
ON	OFF	11⁄2A	3A *	6A *	12A *
ON	OFF	2A	4A *	8A *	16A *
OFF	ON	21⁄2A	5A	10A	20A
OFF	ON	ЗA	6A	12A	24A
ON	ON	31⁄2A	7A	14A	28A
ON	ON	4A	8A	16A	32A
	OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON	OFF OFF OFF OFF ON OFF ON OFF OFF ON OFF ON ON ON	SW6         SW7         04           OFF         OFF         ½A           OFF         OFF         1A           ON         OFF         1½A           ON         OFF         1½A           ON         OFF         2A           OFF         ON         2½A           OFF         ON         3/2A           OFF         ON         3½A	SW6         SW7         04         08           OFF         OFF         1/2A         1A*           OFF         OFF         1A         2A*           ON         OFF         11/2A         3A*           ON         OFF         2A         4A*           OFF         ON         21/2A         5A           OFF         ON         3A         6A           ON         ON         31/2A         7A	SW6         SW7         O4         08         16           OFF         OFF         1/2A         1A*         2A*           OFF         OFF         1A         2A*         4A*           ON         OFF         11/2A         3A*         6A*           ON         OFF         21/2A         3A*         8A*           OFF         ON         21/2A         5A         10A           OFF         ON         3A         6A         12A           OFF         ON         3/2A         7A         14A

Table 4.2 Current Calibration

(\* see note on next page)

Example: Customer wishes to run 14 Amp Motor.

Option 1 Using 512/16 - From table 4.2 set SW7 ON, SW6 ON, SW5 OFF Ia = 14 Amp

Option 2 Using 512/32 From table 4.2 set SW7 OFF, SW6 ON, SW5 ON - Ical = 16 Amp Turn down I Limit (P4) to give 14 Amps

## 4-3 Operating the Converter

**Note:** \* 8 Amp, 16 Amp and 32 Amp controllers can be scaled to currents of 4 Amp, 8 Amp or 16 Amp or less but it is recommended that lower current controllers be used in these circumstances.

## **Current Motor Scaling**

SW8	(OFF) Current Meter	Buffered Current Meter Output	
		5V Equivalent to 100% of Controller Current Rating.	
		i.e. 4 Amp on 512C/04	
		8 Amp on 512C/08	
		16 Amp on 512C/16	
		32 Amp on 512C/32	
SW8	(ON) Current Meter	Buffered Current Meter Output	
		5V Equivalent to 100% of Calibrated Current Rating.	
		For Example 512C/16 SW5-ON,SW6-ON,SW7-OFF	
		Calibrated Current = 8 Amp therefore $5V = 8amp$ .	

## **Potentiometers**

	meters			
P1	Ramp Up Rate	Rotate Clockwise for Faster Acceleration to Set Speed.		
		(Linear :- 1 to 40 seconds)		
P2	Ramp Down Rate	Rotate Clockwise for Faster Deceleration to Set Speed.		
		(Linear :- 1 to 40 seconds)	as 512	
P3	Speed Loop Stability	Optimises Speed Loop Stability. ( Excessive adjustment may lead to instability)	Same as 512	
P4	l Limit	Rotate Clockwise to increase Maximum Output Current.	Same as 512	
		With no additional connection to Torque / Current Limit Terminal T7, the Upper Limit is 110%. To achieve the 150% maximum connect T7 to +7.5V.		
P5	IR Compensation	Optimises speed regulation against load change when using Armature Voltage Feedback. Rotate Clockwise to increase compensation and reduce regulation.( Excess adjustment may lead to instability)		
		Turn Anti-clockwise when Tachogenerator Feedback used.		
P6	Minimum Speed	d Controls Minimum Motor Speed /Setpoint when Speed Setpoint Potentiometer connected to Terminal 4. Rotate Clockwise to increase Minimum Speed / Setpoint. (Approximately 30% adjustment when using 10K ohm Speed Setpoint Potentiometer.)		
P7	Maximum Speed	Controls Maximum Motor Speed. Rotate clockwise to as increase maximum speed.		
P8	Zero Speed Offset	Adjusts Zero or Minimum Speed for Zero Speed Setpoint.	New Feature	

Table 4.3 Customer Adjustments.

## **Basic Setting-Up Procedure**

#### Caution BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO CONNECT POWER

#### Controller

Check:-

- the Main power supply voltage is within the operating range of the controller.
- the Armature voltage and current ratings are compatible with controller supplied.
- the Field voltage and current ratings are suitable.
- All external wiring circuits are correct, i.e:-

Power connections

Control connections

Motor connections

- **Note:** Completely disconnect the controller before point to point checking with a buzzer or when checking insulation with a megger.
  - For damage to equipment.
  - For loose ends, clippings, drilling swarf etc., lodged in the drive or ancillary equipment.

#### **Motor**

- Inspect the motor, in particular the commutator for any extraneous matter. If an air supply is available, it is recommended to blow over the commutator.
- Check the brushes are properly seated and that the brush spring tension is adequate.
- If possible check that the motor (and vent fan if fitted) can be turned freely by hand.

## **Preparation**

#### Machine

Check:-

- That rotation of the motor in either direction will not cause damage.
- That nobody else is working on another part of the equipment that will be affected by powering up.
- That other equipment will not be adversely affected by powering up.

#### Controller

- Prevent application of the main power supply by removal of the supply fuses.
- Disconnect the load from the motor shaft if possible.
- If there is any doubt as to the integrity of a particular installation, insert a high wattage resistor (i.e. fire bar elements) in series with the motor armature.
- If it is possible to rotate the motor, and tachogenerator feedback is in use, check that forward rotation results in positive tacho feedback, i.e. terminal 1 is positive with respect to terminal 8 or 11.

## **4-5** Operating the Converter

• Check switch selection

SW1 ) Speed Range (see table 4.1)SW2 )SW3 Tachogenerator / VA (see switch options on page 4.1)

SW4 Zero Speed / Zero Setpoint (see switch options on page 4.1)

SW5 ) SW6 ) Current Calibration (see table 4.2) SW7 )

SW8 Controller / Calibrated Armature Current Meter Output

• Check all pots are set thus:-

Potentiometers P1, P2, P4, P5, P6, P7 fully Anticlockwise.

Potentiometers P3 & P8 mid position.

Check transformer supply tap is compatible with the Mains supply voltage. †

Check external run contacts are open.

Check external set points are all zero.

<sup>†</sup> If not use the Auxiliary Supply input at compatible voltage and apply Mains Power at required level up to 460Vac.

#### **Power-Up**

Once all the proceeding steps are completed the supply fuses may be replaced and power applied to the drive. Although fairly general, the following assumes the system to be a simple speed control drive and motor.

At switch on the "Power ON" LED should illuminate (LED 2 see Page 5.1)

Close RUN contact and give the drive a small speed demand (approximately 10%) and increase the external auxiliary current limit (if used) to 50%. <u>Slowly</u> increase the main current limit (P4) until the motor starts to rotate. If the motor increases speed to more than 10% of full speed immediately turn current limit (P4) fully anticlockwise and/or remove Run signal (terminal 5) immediately.

If overspeeding occurred while using a tachogenerator for speed feedback correct the wiring as follows:

Problem	Action
Direction correct but overspeeding:	Reverse tacho polarity only
Direction incorrect and overspeeding:	Reverse field polarity only

When armature voltage feedback is used for speed feedback it is direction insensitive and overspeeding due to incorrect feedback cannot occur, excess speed is probably due to incorrect feedback scaling, check setting of switches SW1 and SW2.

If the motor runs under control but in the wrong direction correct as follows either:-

Armature Control	Reverse Field polarity
Tachogenerator Control	Reverse Field & Tachogenerator Polarity

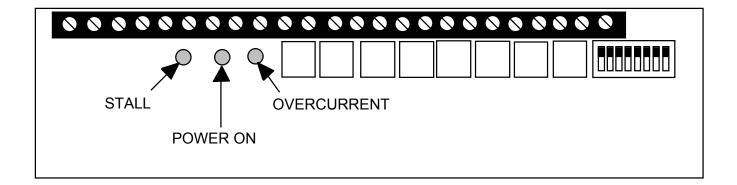
- Increase speed demand to maximum and check armature voltage does not exceed motor rating, adjust by P7 to give desired motor speed.
- Set Minimum Speed by adjusting by P6 to the required level. (note P6 is only active if the speed setting potentiometer is wired to terminal T4.)
- Set the Ramp Up time (P1) and Ramp Down time (P2) to the required rates.
- With armature voltage feedback, speed droop will occur as load is applied to the motor. Set the IR Compensation (P5) to remove this effect, note excessive adjustment may cause instability.

- Adjust stability Potentiometer (P3) to improve transient response, note excessive adjustment may cause instability.
- **Note:** The IR compensation potentiometer (P5) must be fully anticlockwise in Tachogenerator control, adjustment will cause instability.
  - Monitor the armature current as indicated on terminal 6 the current meter output, verify that that at steady state the current does not exceed the controller rating, i.e. the voltage on T6 is not greater than 5V with SW8 OFF.

# **LED** INDICATIONS

## **LED** Indications

LED1	STALL TRIP	Illuminated when controller detects a Stall Condition.
		This is determined by the state of the Speed Loop if Speed control is lost a Stall condition is determined a Trip will occur after 60 seconds. The motor may not be stationary.
LED2	POWER ON	Illuminated when power supplied to Auxiliary Supply either directly or via the Auxiliary terminal.
LED3	OVERCURRENT	Illuminated when Armature Current exceeds 3½ times Calibrated Current.



# **TERMINAL DESCRIPTIONS**

## **Control Terminals**

TERMINAL	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION	NOTES
T1	Tacho Feedback	Motor Mounted Tachogenerator Input. Proportional to Motor Speed	+350 Vdc Max. Approx. 110 kohm.
T2	Not Connected		
Т3	Speed Meter Output	Analogue Output, 0 to +10V for 0 to 100% speed.	5mA output S/C protected
T4	Minimum Speed	Setpoint Potentiometer return, minimum speed adjustable 0 to 30% with 10K setpoint potentiometer.	Must be used in conjunction with a setpoint potentiometer
T5	Run	Digital Input to Run Controller. +10V to +24V to Run. 0V to Stop.	
T6	Current Meter Output	Analogue Output, 0 to +10V Scaling SW8 = On 5V= 100% Calibrated Current SW8 = Off 5V= 100% Controller Current	5mA output S/C protected
Τ7	Torque/Current Limit	Analogue Input, 0 to +7.5V = 0 to 150% of Calibrated Current	
Т8	0V Common	Analogue / Digital Signal Common	
Т9	Setpoint Ramp O/P	Analogue Output, 0 to +10V = 0 to 100% Ramped Setpoint	5mA output S/C protected
T10	Aux. Speed Setpoint	Analogue Input, 0 to +10V = 0 to 100% Speed	approx 100 kohm
T11	0V Common	Analogue / Digital Signal Common	
T12	Total Setpoint O/P	Analogue Output, 0 to +10V = 0 to 100% Speed	5mA output S/C protected
T13	Setpoint Ramp I/P	Analogue Input, 0 to +10V = 0 to 100% Speed	approx 100 kohm
T14	+10V Reference	Analogue Output, +10V Reference for Speed/ Current Setpoints	5mA output S/C protected
T15	Stall Override	Digital Input to Override Stall Detection +10V = Override	approx 100 kohm
T16	-10V Reference	Analogue Output, -10V Reference for Speed/ Current Setpoints	5mA output S/C protected
T17	Not Connected		
T18	Not Connected		
T19	Health Output	Digital Output, +24V = Healthy	50mA Source Unprotected
T20	Not Connected		
T21	Not Connected		
T22	Not Connected		
T23	Zero Speed Output / Zero Setpoint Output	Digital Output, +24V = Running 0V = Stopped	50mA Source Unprotected
T24	Not Connected		

# 6-2 Terminal Descriptions

## **Power Terminals**

TERMINAL	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION	NOTES
L1	AC Input Line 1	Mains Supply Line1 Input	
L2/N	AC Input Line2/ Neutral	Mains Supply Line2 Input or Neutral	Must also be used as Auxiliary Supply Return when Auxiliary Supply Input used.
A+	Armature Positive	Motor Armature Positive Output.	
A-	Armature Negative	Motor Armature Negative Output.	

## Field Terminals (Auxiliary Supply)

TERMINAL	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION	NOTES
F+	Field Positive	Motor Field positive DC Output	
F-	Field Negative	Motor Field negative DC Output	
FL1	Field Rectifier Supply	Mains Supply Input Field Rectifier	
FL2	Field Rectifier Supply	Mains Supply Input Field Rectifier	
* Aux L1	Auxiliary Supply	Auxiliary Supply Input to Control Transformer.	Auxiliary Supply Return via L2/N

# FAULT FINDING

## Troubleshooting

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
No "Power On" LED 2 Illuminated	No Supply Available	Check Supply Availability and Supply Fuse fitted or Circuit Breaker closed.
	Incorrect Supply Voltage Applied to Controller	Check Supply Voltage and Transformer Tapping position are compatible.
Motor will not run at Switch On	Start/Run Signal not present	Check Control Circuit Wiring
	No Speed Setpoint	Check Total Setpoint terminal 12. Check Setpoint Potentiometer & Wiring
	No Armature Current	Check P4 adjustment & External Current Limit Potentiometer setting & wiring (if used)
	No Field	Check Field AC Supply and Field connections
	Motor Jammed	Free Obstruction
Motor Runs and Stops	Incorrect Current Limit Setting	Check P4 setting
after short		Check external current limit setting
period with "Stall" LED1 Illuminated	Incorrect Current Calibration	Check Programming Switches SW5,6,7
	Motor Jammed	Free Obstruction
	Incorrect Feedback Voltage Calibration	Check Feedback Voltage Calibration Switches SW1/2. Note These Switches must be set for both Tachogenerator & Armature Voltage Feedback
	Maximum Controller Output Exceeded	Check compatibility of Motor Voltage to Controller Output Voltage
	Faulty Tachogenerator and/or Coupling.	Check Tachogenerator (use Armature Voltage Feedback Temporarily)
Motor runs at Full Speed only	Incorrect Tachogenerator Polarity or Open Circuit Tachogenerator	Check Tachogenerator viability and connectivity
	Open Circuit Speed Setpoint Potentiometer	Check Terminal 13 or 10 as appropriate
	Minimum Speed Setting	Check Minimum Speed Potentiometer P6
Motor runs with Zero Setpoint.	Zero Speed Offset Adjustment	Adjust P8 to give Zero Speed
Motor Speed	Stability P3	Reduce P3
Oscillating	IR Compensation P5	No IR compensation for Tachogenerator Feedback. Reduce P5 for Armature Voltage Feedback

# **ROUTINE MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR**

#### Caution

Maintenance and repair should only be performed by competent persons using only the recommended spares. Use of incorrect parts may create a hazard and risk of injury.

## **Routine Maintenance**

Periodically inspect the Converter for build-up of dust or obstructions that may affect ventilation of the unit. Remove this using dry air.

## Repair

There are no user-serviceable components.

IMPORTANT: MAKE NO ATTEMPT TO REPAIR THE UNIT - RETURN IT TO PARKER SSD DRIVES.

#### **Returning the Unit to Parker SSD Drives**

Please have the following information available:

- The model and serial number see the unit's rating label
- Details of the fault

Contact your nearest Parker SSD Drives Service Centre to arrange return of the item.

You will be given a *Returned Material Authorisation*. Use this as a reference on all paperwork you return with the faulty item. Pack and despatch the item in the original packing materials; or at least an antistatic enclosure. Do not allow packaging chips to enter the unit.

#### Disposal

This product contains materials which are consignable waste under the Special Waste Regulations 1996 which complies with the EC Hazardous Waste Directive - Directive 91/689/EEC.

We recommend you dispose of the appropriate materials in accordance with the valid environmental control laws. The following table shows which materials can be recycled and which have to be disposed of in a special way.

Material	Recycle	Disposal
metal	yes	no
plastics material	yes	no
printed circuit board	no	yes

The printed circuit board should be disposed of in one of two ways:

- 1. High temperature incineration (minimum temperature 1200°C) by an incinerator authorised under parts A or B of the Environmental Protection Act
- 2. Disposal in an engineered land fill site that is licensed to take aluminium electrolytic capacitors. Do not dispose of in a land fill site set aside for domestic waste.

#### Packaging

During transport our products are protected by suitable packaging. This is entirely environmentally compatible and should be taken for central disposal as secondary raw material.

# REPLACEMENT OF 512 WITH 512C

## 512C/512 Terminal Differences

TERMINAL	512C	512	COMMENTS
T1	Tacho Feedback	Tacho Feedback	
T2	Not Connected	Not Connected	
T3	Speed Meter Output	Speed Meter Output	
T4	Minimum Speed	Minimum Speed	
T5	Run	Run	Active High on 512C
T6	Current Meter Output	Current Meter Output	
T7	Torque/Current Limit	Torque/Current Limit	
Т8	0V Common	0V Common	
Т9	Setpoint Ramp O/P	Setpoint Ramp O/P	
T10	Aux. Speed Setpoint	Aux. Speed Setpoint	Rescaled to be Normalised to Setpoint Ramp I/P.
T11	0V Common	0V Common	
T12	Total Setpoint O/P	+12V	Undesirable to Provide access to PS Rails.
			Total Setpoint Output is a useful alternative.
T13	Setpoint Ramp I/P	Setpoint Ramp I/P	
T14	+10V Reference	+10V Reference	
T15	Stall Reset.	Stall Reset	Signal Level Revised.
T16	-10V Reference.	-12V	Undesirable to provide access to PS Rails.
			-10V Reference useful alternative.
T17	Not Connected. *	Not Connected	
T18	Not Connected. *	Health Relay. N/C	Relay removed.
T19	Health Output	Health Relay. Co	Relay Removed.
			Transistor O/P.
T20	Not Connected*	Health Relay. N/O	Relay removed.
T21	Not Connected*	Not Connected	
T22	Not Connected*	Zero Speed Relay. N/C	Relay removed.
T23	Zero Speed Output / Zero Setpoint Output	Zero Speed Relay. Co	Relay Removed. Transistor O/P.
T24	Not Connected*	Zero Speed Relay. N/O	Relay removed.

\* Relays must be provided externally.

## Functional Differences 512C & 512

Switches	Switch 4 now selects Zero Speed or Zero Ramped Setpoint.
Ramps	Maximum Time Increased to 40 seconds.
Overload	Now 60 seconds at 150%.
Run	Signal Level now active High to Eliminate Safety Hazard and Enable common switching.
Total Setpoint	Total Setpoint Sum at Terminal 12
-10V	-10v Reference for System applications.
Zero Offset	Speed Trim Adjustment at Zero Setpoint.
Aux. Speed Setpoint	Normalised to Ramp Setpoint.
Relays *	Removed to give spare terminals for Additional Functions.
Auxiliary	Additional Auxiliary Supply terminal to allow use on other Mains Supply Voltages
EMC	Complies with EMC Directive.

\* Relays must be provided externally.

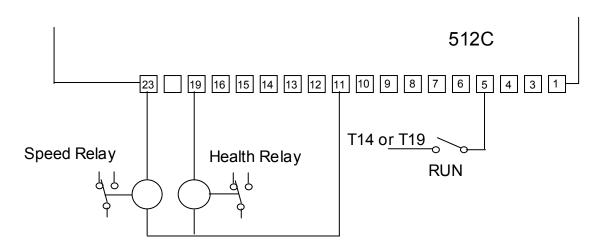


#### WARNING

THE 512C IS NOT A DIRECT REPLACEMENT FOR THE 512 IT IS FUNCTIONALLY EQUIVALENT.

WHEN A 512C IS USED TO REPLACE A 512 WITH THE HEALTH AND/OR ZERO SPEED RELAYS UTILISED, EXTERNAL RELAYS MUST BE PROVIDED.

CARE MUST ALSO BE TAKEN TO AVOID CONNECTING LIVE PARTS TO THE RELAY OUTPUT DRIVER TERMINALS.

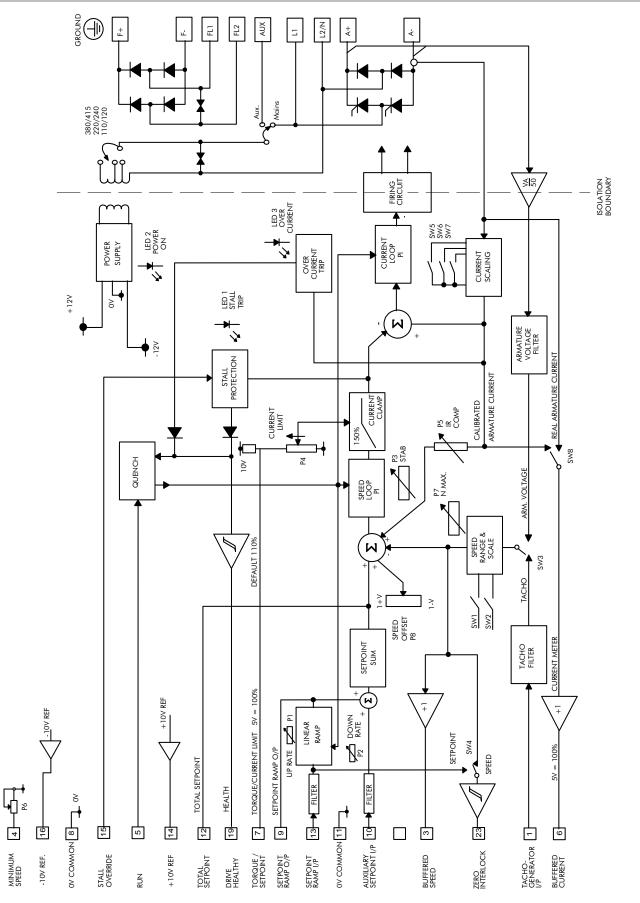


The 512C needs two external relays to become directly compatible with the 512 and the 'Run' terminal must be rewired to provide a high level input to 'Run'. Existing wiring to the 'Health' and 'Zero Speed' relay contacts must be relocated to the external relays. The Run signal is valid for Signal Levels from +10 to 24V DC and can be driven from either T14 (+10V) or T19 (Health).

The 'Zero Output' terminal on the 512C must be selected to 'Zero Speed' output by ensuring that SW4 is 'On'.

# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

## **Block Diagram**



#### 512C Series Converter

MINIMUM SPEED

# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

## **Environmental Requirements**

Enclosure	Chassis Mounting IP00.
Operating Temperature	0 to $+40^{\circ}$ C. (Derate 1.5%/Degree above $40^{\circ}$ C)
Humidity	85% R.H. at 40 <sup>o</sup> C. (non condensing)
Altitude	Above 1000m derate at 1% / 100m.
Storage Temperature	-25°C to +55°C
Transport Temperature	-25°C to +70°C
Climatic Conditions	Class 3k3, as defined by EN50178 (1998)

## **Operating Conditions**

Installation Category	Overvoltage Category III		
Pollution	Pollution Degree 2.		
Maximum Supply Voltages	480Vac L - L	Non earth referenced (IT)	
(Derived from a 3-phase		or earth referenced (TN)	
supply)	480Vac L - N	Earth referenced (TN)	

#### Wiring

- Control Cabling 0.75sq.mm minimum.
- Power cable to be minimum 600V AC rated at 1.5 x armature current.
- High speed semi-conductor fuses of the correct rating are recommended controller semiconductor protection, as the 512C is not internally fused. The suitability of the semiconductor fuse branch protection should be decided by the installer.
- Ensure a protective earth connection is made compatible with the rating.
- Isolated control wiring should not be run close to the power cabling. If screened cables are used (recommended on setpoints and tachogenerators) connect screens to earth only at controller end.
- Parker SSD Drives can supply fuse assemblies which can be bulkhead mounted and also act as convenient supply isolators.

	Function	Rating	Cable Size	Fuse Isolator Kit	Fuse Rating	ED Part No.
512C/04	Supply	6A	1.5mm²/16AWG	LA057605U012	12A fuse	CH390123
	Motor	4A	1.5mm <sup>2</sup> /16AWG			
	Ground		1.5mm <sup>2</sup> /16AWG			
512C/08	Supply	12A	2.5mm <sup>2</sup> /14AWG	LA057605U016	16A fuse	CH390163
	Motor	8A	2.5mm <sup>2</sup> /14AWG			
	Ground		2.5mm <sup>2</sup> /14AWG			
512C/16	Supply	24A	6mm²/10AWG	LA057605U032	32A fuse	CH390323
	Motor	16A	6mm²/10AWG			
	Ground		6mm²/10AWG			
512C/32	Supply	48A	16mm²/6AWG	LA057605U050	50A fuse	CH390054
	Motor	32A	16mm²/6AWG			
	Ground		16mm²/6AWG			
ALL	Field	3A	1.5mm²/16AWG	LA054664	10A	CH230014

Table 11.1 Recommended Cable Sizes.

## **Terminal Tightening Torques**

Control & Field	0.6 Nm	0.4 lbf-ft	4.5 lbf-in
Power	2.7 Nm	2 lbf-ft	24 lbf-in
Earth	7.1 Nm	5.25 lbf-ft	63 lbf-in

**Note:** The cable sizes shown are based on a Form Factor of 1.5 and an overload allowance of 110% (giving a multiplier of 1.65), they are selected for the notional rating of each controller. Smaller cable may be used if the controller is calibrated at a lower current level.

# 11-3 Technical Specifications

## **Electrical Ratings**

INPUT RATINGS	SYMBOL	512C/04	512C/08	512 <b>C</b> /16	512C/32		
Supply Voltage	Vs		110/120				
		220/240 Vac ± 10%					
			380/415				
			460/480 (1)				
Supply Current	ls	6A	12A	24A	48A		
Supply Frequency	fs		50/60 H	Hz ± 5 Hz			
OUTPUT RATINGS							
Nominal Armature	Va		90 Vdc at 1	110/120 Vac			
Voltage			180 Vdc at 220/240 Vac				
Maximum Armature Current	la	4A dc ±10%	8A dc ±10%	16A dc ±10%	32A dc ±10%		
Armature Current	Ical	0.5 to 4A	1 to 8A	2 to 16A	4 to 32A		
Calibration		in 0.5A steps	in 1A steps	in 2A steps	in 4A steps		
Nominal Motor Power at 320 Vdc Armature	Pm	1.125kW	2.25 kW	4.5 kW	9 kW		
320 vac Armature	Нр	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Hp	3 Hp	6 Hp	12 Hp		
Overload			150% for	60 seconds			
Field Current	lf		3 /	A dc			
Field Voltage	Vf		0.9 X Supply Voltage (Vs)				
Maximum Armature Form Factor		1.5					
Thyristor I <sup>2</sup> t		300 A <sup>2</sup> s					
Typical Controller Dissipation at la		15W <sup>(2)</sup>	25W <sup>(2)</sup>	50W <sup>(2)</sup>	75W <sup>(2)</sup>		
Earth Leakage		Without Fil	ter - 5	mA <sup>(3)</sup>			
Current at 480Vac		With Filter	- 50	mA			

Note:

- 1. 460/480 Vac Operation is available when used with an auxiliary supply input of a suitable standard value.
- 2. See page 3-2 for filter watt loss information.
- 3. Permanent earthing mandatory.

## **CERTIFICATION FOR THE CONVERTER**

#### Caution

The integration of this product into other apparatus or systems is not the responsibility of Parker SSD Drives Limited, with respect to applicability, effectivity, or safety of operation of the other apparatus or systems

## EMC and the 'CE' Mark

#### 'CE' EMC Responsibility

The subject of CE marking and EMC is explored in more detail in a separate Parker SSD Application manual entitled 'EMC Installation Guidelines for modules and systems', part number HA388879, available from your local Parker SSD Drives office. The following sections are the minimum necessary for installation and basic understanding.

Parker SSD Drives are adhering to the CEMEP recommendations on 'CE' marking for EMC. According to SI No. 2372, implementing the EMC directive into UK law, the requirement to CE mark for EMC, applies only to **relevant apparatus** that has '**intrinsic function**' to the **end user** and which is placed on the market (**supplied**). The majority of drive modules/systems sold by Parker SSD Drives will be incorporated into a higher system/apparatus or machine which includes (at least) the motor, cable and a driven load before providing intrinsic function to the end user. As such the majority of Parker SSD Drives products are categorised as **components** (CEMEP validity field 2) and it would be incorrect for Parker SSD Drives to apply the CE mark or produce an EC Declaration of Conformity in respect of EMC. It is the manufacturer/supplier/installer of the relevant apparatus (with the intrinsic function to the end user) who must demonstrate conformance to the EMC directive

However, in a minority of cases, single drives may have intrinsic function to the end user. An example is that of 'add on' intrinsic function, where an existing fixed speed motor application (such as a fan or a pump) is converted to variable speed with an add on drive module (CEMEP validity field 1). In this application Parker SSD Drives CE mark its drive module and issue an EC declaration of conformity. Because the validity of the 'CE' mark for EMC is not known when the product is manufactured, the 'CE' mark will be applied via the product manual, and will not be on the product label. From 1997, when the 'CE' mark for the Low Voltage Directive becomes mandatory, the CE mark will appear on the product label, but its validity for EMC can only be identified from the product manual.

The validity of the 'CE' mark can be identified from the flowchart in figure 12.1, refer to SI No. 2372 for clarification of relevant apparatus.

To assist manufacturers/suppliers/installers of relevant apparatus, the Parker SSD Drive 512C modules are EMC compliant to EN50081-1 (1992), EN50082-1 (1992), EN50081-2 (1994) and prEN50082-2 (1992), when fitted with the specified filter and installed according to these instructions, as confirmed by the Manufacturers EMC declaration to be found at the end of this chapter. Manufacturers/suppliers/installers of relevant apparatus (CEMEP validity fields 3 & 4) may use this compliance as a basis for their own justification of overall compliance with the EMC Directive.

It must be clearly understood by the customer before installation commences who is legally responsible for conformance with the EMC Directive. Misappropriation of the CE mark is a criminal offence.

## **12-2** Certification for the Converter

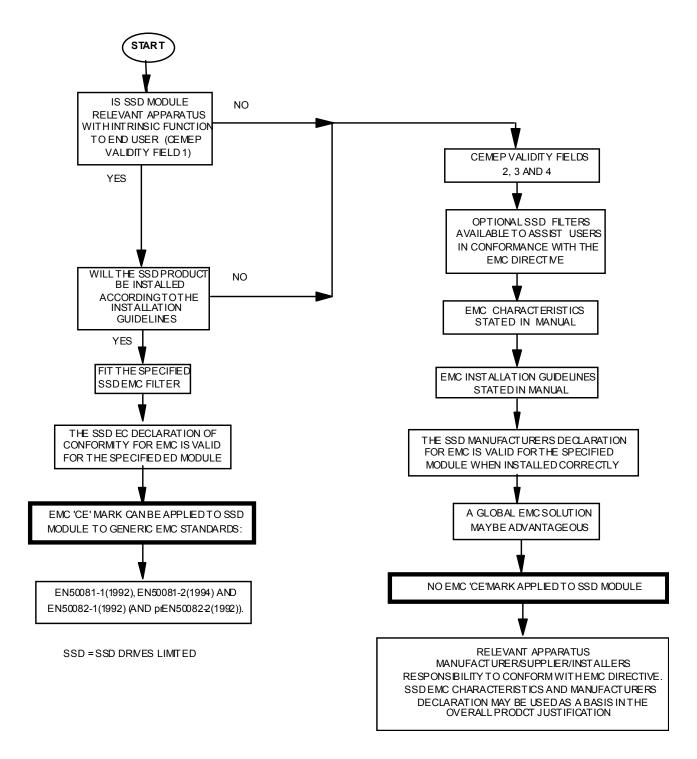


Figure 12.1 Parker SSD Drives EMC 'CE' Mark Validity Chart

# Special Considerations for Installations Requiring Compliance with UL Standards

#### **Terminations**

UL Compression Lug Kits are available for the controllers which provide sets of lugs suitable for the following ratings. These lugs must be applied with the correct tooling as described in the Installation Instructions provided with each kit.

The following terminal kits are available for the connection of Power Cabling.
--

Kit Part No.	Output Rating	No. of Lugs	Purpose	Wire Size
LA389745U016	16A	2	AC	8 AWG (8.4mm <sup>2</sup> )
		2	DC	10 AWG (5.3mm <sup>2</sup> )
		2	GROUND	10 AWG (5.3mm <sup>2</sup> )
LA389745U032	32A	2	AC	4 AWG (21.2mm <sup>2</sup> )
		2	DC	6 AWG (13.3mm <sup>2</sup> )
		2	GROUND	10 AWG (5.3mm <sup>2</sup> )

The above wire sizes for AC and DC terminations are based on a form factor of 1.5 and an overload requirement of 150% as specified in UL Standard 508C.

#### **Motor Overload Protection**

An External Motor Overload Protective Device must be provided by the Installer. This device can comprise of a Thermal Sensor within the Motor Winding monitored by an external Relay but this combination cannot be evaluated by UL, hence it is the responsibility of the installer / local inspector to determine whether the combination is in compliance with the National Electric Code or Local Code requirements.

#### **Short Circuit Protection Requirements**

UL Listed (JDDZ) non-renewable cartridge fuses, rated 300V AC or 600V AC (as appropriate depending on the rated input voltage of the drive), must be installed upstream of the drive.

	Function	Rating	Cable Size	Fuse Rating
512C/04	Supply	6A	1.5mm <sup>2</sup> /16AWG	10A fuse
	Motor	4A	1.5mm <sup>2</sup> /16AWG	
	Ground		1.5mm <sup>2</sup> /16AWG	
512C/08	Supply	12A	2.5mm <sup>2</sup> /14AWG	15A fuse
	Motor	8A	2.5mm <sup>2</sup> /14AWG	
	Ground		2.5mm <sup>2</sup> /14AWG	
512C/16	Supply	24A	6mm²/10AWG	30A fuse
	Motor	16A	6mm²/10AWG	
	Ground		6mm²/10AWG	
512C/32	Supply	48A	16mm²/6AWG	60A fuse
	Motor	32A	16mm²/6AWG	
	Ground		16mm²/6AWG	
ALL	Field	ЗA	1.5mm <sup>2</sup> /16AWG	10A

#### **Short Circuit Rating**

Models Rated More than 1HP.

These controllers are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5000 RMS symmetrical amperes, 480 V Maximum.

#### **Field Wiring Temperature Rating**

Use 60°C or 60/75°C Copper Conductors only.

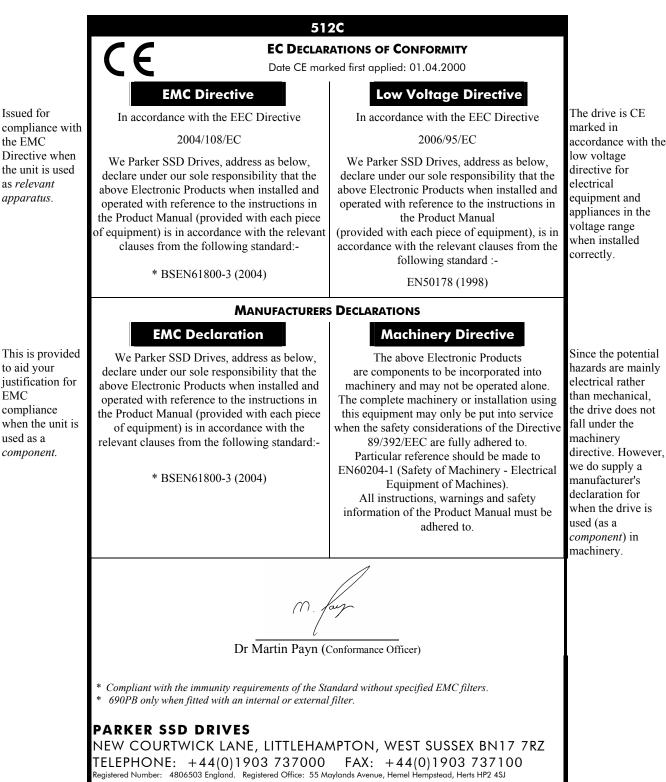
#### Grounding

The field grounding terminal is identified by the International Grounding Symbol  $(\pm)$  (IEC Publication 417, Symbol 5019).

# 12-4 Certification for the Converter

## **Certificates**

EMC



ISS.	MODIFICATION		ECN No.	DATE	DRAWN	CHK'D
	512C Product Manual HA389196					
	Sheet 1 filed in drawing office.					
5	Page 3-2 added Watt Loss column.		11945			
	Controller Warning page added:- "Signal and					
	Control the user" and "It is the fault					
	conditions". Under Caution added "This					
	controller page 1-1)".					
	Page 1-1 first sentence re-written.					
	Page 1-6 added Notes (2) and (3). Added					
	Earth Leakage column.					
	Page 2-1 amendments to Basic Connection					
	diagram.					
	Page 2-4 added grounding symbol.					
	Page 3-3 changed sentence of Wiring					
	information number 3).					
	Table 3.1 changed 14AWG to 16AWG of 512C/04 Cable Size. Removed U.S. fuse					
	rating.					
	Chapter 6 added.		11956			GDR
	Page 3-5 Special Considerations for		11950			ODK
	Installations Requiring Compliance with					
	UL Standards - considerable changes to					
	this section.		10986	15.7.97	FEP	SG
6	Manual brought in-line with new manual layout.		13636	21.10.99	FEP	JMc
7	Removed Dan Slattery from the Certificates.		(13908)			
	Added address list to back cover.		(13164)			
	Page 12-3 added UL fusing information table.		15016	13.04.00	FEP	СМ
8	Page 4-1: New autotransformer information		16950	10/08/05	СМ	GDR
	Page 6-2: Note added for Aux L1 terminal					
	Page 4-2: "Zero Output Source" correct spelling					
	Page 2-1, 4-1, 9-2: Control terminal markings improved		(18285)			
	Page 2-1: Tappings show factory settings					
	Company name change		(18354)			
9	New Safety Information		19591	04/07/07	СМ	GDR
	Company name change		(19887)			
			, ,			
						<u> </u>
LIK21 0	SED ON	МО	DIFICATIO	n record		
		512	C Series C	onverter		
						SHT. 1
			DRAW	ING NUMBEI	K	
			770	01040001		
			LL30	89196C001		OF 1